

# The Chelsea Standard

THE CHELSEA HERALD, Established 1871  
THE CHELSEA STANDARD, Established 1889

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1912.

VOLUME 42, NO. 5

## SCHOOL BOOKS

We Buy Them. We Sell Them.

If you need School Books, remember that we carry a good line and can sell as cheap as anybody. Second-hand school books sold, or we will buy them from you and pay 40 per cent of cost in trade. Remember us for all

### School Supplies

We have just about everything needed for any grade of school work. Just such school tools as enable the best school work. From a single pencil to a complete school outfit—come here first and get the best.

### Grocery Department

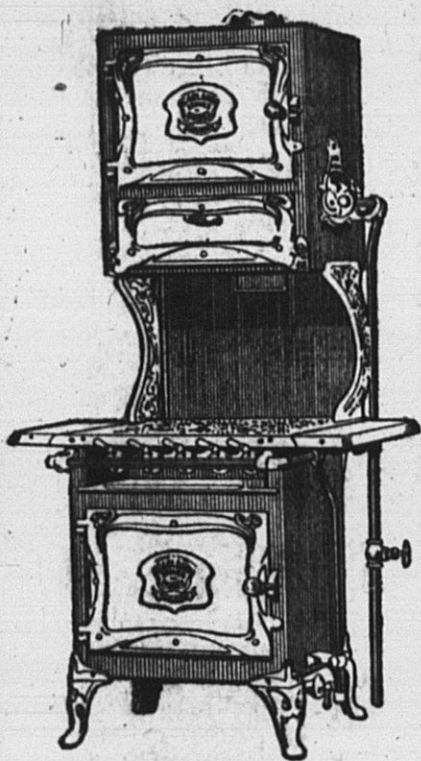
Magnificent Flour makes biscuits better than the best king on earth is entitled to, and pastry that would melt the heart of the most critical queen. Only 75c per sack. Order a sack today.

SOLD ONLY BY

**HENRY H. FENN COMPANY**

Phone 53

## COOK WITH GAS



Cheapest, Safest,  
Cleanest, Quickest,

### A Garland Gas Range

makes life worth living and time to live in.

**J. B. COLE**

Steinbach Block.

The remembrance of quality remains long after price is forgotten.

## Money Makes Money

If planted in our bank. Keep in mind that we are a bank that does things. Every man can't get rich, but every man can save something. The only sure way of saving money is by depositing it. When it jingles in your pocket you want to spend it. Your name would look well on our books. Call and let us put it there today.

**Farmers & Merchants Bank**

## Now is the Time

to see about putting in that New Furnace, or to have that old one repaired. Do not wait until cold weather is here and then want it in a minute. We have the best

**Hot Air, Steam and Hot Water Furnaces**

that are made, and when we install a Furnace for you it is sure to give the best of satisfaction. We guarantee all of our work.

**Now is the Time Don't Delay.**

Call and see us and get our prices.

**Bean Pullers and Potato Diggers**

**HOLMES & WALKER**

WE WILL ALWAYS TREAT YOU RIGHT.

### HANGED HIMSELF.

**David Blaich Killed Himself Monday While Despondent.**

David Blaich of Sylvan, disappeared from his home between 10 and 11 o'clock Monday forenoon, and after a search of nearly two days his body found hanging at 2:15 o'clock Wednesday afternoon in a dense thicket in the woods on the farm of A. L. Baldwin near Mr. Blaich's home.

Mr. Blaich Monday forenoon left the house and went to a field on the back part of the farm where he dug a sack of potatoes which he carried to the grainhouse, and was then seen going toward the barn by members of the family. When he did not return to the house the family instituted a search but they were unable to find him. Tuesday a searching party of twenty-two put in the day but they were unable to find any traces of the missing man.

Wednesday morning another searching party of twenty-eight was organized, twenty-one of whom were from Chelsea. At the place where the search was started the party spread out about five or six feet apart and worked back and forth in the woods on the Baldwin farm until 2:15 o'clock Wednesday afternoon when Floyd Lake found the missing man. As all of the party were close together they soon responded to the alarm given by Mr. Lake.

When the body was discovered it was hanging from a small tree which was thickly surrounded with brush, and was found by the nearest chance, as there was no visible trace to guide the searching party. He had evidently stood on a stump when he adjusted a small rope to a limb of the tree.

Justice Witherell, who was with the searching party, acting as coroner, had the following sworn in as jurors: Floyd Lake, Herman J. Dancer, John Frymuth, John Walsh, Chas. Young and Geo. Kanteleher. After viewing the body the inquest was adjourned until 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

The remains were carried to a conveyance by members of the searching party and brought to the undertaking rooms of F. Staffan & Son.

Mr. Blaich for some years past has at times been despondent, caused by a sunstroke which he had suffered. He is survived by his wife, two daughters, and several brothers and sisters.

### Sports Day Celebration.

The Chelsea Fire Department will hold their annual sports day celebration on Friday of this week. A number of events have been arranged for the day, which include a motorcycle race, horse races, balloon ascension with a double drop, foot races, and a ball game at 3 o'clock between Chelsea and Manchester and many other events are on the program.

A number of speakers have promised to be present. The Chelsea band and Silsby Saxophone quartet have been engaged to furnish music for the occasion. A day of good clean sports is promised by the committee in charge.

### Gustave Nimke.

Gustave Nimke, a well known Lodi township farmer, died Monday afternoon after a brief illness.

Two weeks ago Mr. Nimke suffered a stroke of paralysis, and he did not regain consciousness during his illness. He was 70 years old and had lived in Lodi for many years. He was a prosperous farmer and an excellent citizen. The surviving members of the family are the widow, and one son, William.

Funeral services were held Thursday at 10 o'clock from the family residence and at 11 o'clock from the Scio church, Rev. Mr. Thrun officiating.

### Wedding Anniversary.

Last Sunday a very pleasant event took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Foster of Sylvan. Twenty-three of their relatives gathered there and assisted them in celebrating the 40th anniversary of their marriage. A sumptuous dinner was served and a very enjoyable day was spent. The couple were presented with a number of gifts as a remembrance of the event. Both Mr. and Mrs. Foster are well known by many of the residents of this place and their friends extend their congratulations.

### Nineteen Miles a Second

without a jar, shock or disturbance, is the awful speed of our earth through space. We wonder at such ease of nature's movement, and so do those who take Dr. King's New Life Pills. No gripping, no distress, just thorough work that brings good health and fine feelings. 25 cents at L. P. Vogel's, E. H. Fenn Co.'s and L. T. Freeman Co.'s.

### Burg-Lyons Wedding.

A very pretty church wedding took place at 8 o'clock Tuesday morning, September 3, 1912, at the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, the nuptial mass being celebrated by Rev. Fr. Considine, when Miss Helen M., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Burg, and Mr. Harry H., youngest son of Mrs. Rose Lyons, were united in marriage.

The couple were attended by Miss Alice Rutherford, of Jackson, and Mr. George Eisele of this place. The ceremony was witnessed by a large number of the friends and relatives of the popular young couple, who extended their congratulations at the close of the impressive services. The special music by the choir and the pretty decorations of white and yellow greatly enhanced the attractiveness of the occasion.

At the close of the mass the wedding party repaired to the home of the bride's parents, where Miss Anna McCover, the cateress, served a dainty five course wedding breakfast to about 35 guests.

The bride was a guest of honor at a number of social functions during the past two weeks. The groom is engaged in the retail shoe business in Jackson, where they will make their home. The couple received a great many useful and ornamental wedding gifts. They will spend the next two weeks camping in the northern part of the state and left for the location Tuesday afternoon.

The out of town guests were: Misses Alice Rutherford, Sarah Andrews and Mary Reardon and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Etienne and children, of Jackson, and Miss Hilda Gruner of Grass Lake.

### Not Properly Safeguarded.

Many school districts in this state and some in this vicinity are not properly safeguarded in that their treasurers are not under lawful bonds. The law provides that the treasurer must give a personal or surety bond for the full amount of money to come into his hands during each year of his term of office. This bond must have two sureties, who are liable for the amount and each signer of it must justify in writing and under oath to the amount for which he is holden. The bond cannot be signed by a member of the school board nor is the name of a married woman good on a bond. Practically the only districts in the state which have lost money are those which failed to have their treasurers under proper bonds.

All district money must be kept by the treasurer separate from other funds and must be on hand at all times in actual cash or must be deposited in the name of the treasurer as treasurer in a bank or banks. Any interest accruing on the school money must be placed in the general fund of the district. A treasurer who loans district money to any person or organization, no matter how good security he may have, or who appropriates any interest for his own uses, lays himself liable to fine and imprisonment.

### Swat the Fly.

Jackson Evening Star: Man made the fly by carelessness in the disposal of filth. The fly inhabits the dwelling places of man, finding more to encourage it than to discourage. Now man must unmake the fly. The state of Utah has adopted the slogan: "Man must kill the fly or the fly will kill the man." In many cities in Utah rewards are being offered for systematic extermination of flies. The tiny assassin, hitherto ignored because of his diminutive size and familiar appearance, now has a price set upon his head. Men, women and even children are rising to "swat the fly." In one small city the result of a few days campaign was ten barrels full of dead flies as a public exhibit. Jackson may yet be forced to put a price upon Mr. Fly's head.

### Jedele-Hutzel Wedding.

A very pretty church wedding was solemnized at Bethel church, Freedom, at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, August 28, 1912, when Louise L. Jedele, niece of Rev. and Mrs. Mayer, and Emerson A. Hutzel, son of Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Hutzel, of Pittsfield, were united in marriage. The bride's uncle, Rev. Dr. Mayer, performed the ceremony with the impressive ring service. The couple was attended by Miss Kathryn Mayer, of Grand Rapids, also a niece of Rev. and Mrs. Mayer, and Clarence Hutzel, brother of the groom.

### Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank the neighbors and friends who assisted during the illness and death of our sister, also for the floral offerings and the choir. WM. E. STOCKING, MR. AND MRS. J. F. McMILLAN, MISS LUCILE STOCKING.

### BRIGHT OUTLOOK.

**Flanders Manufacturing Company will Build 15,000 Motorcycles.**

From present indications the Flanders Manufacturing Company have undertaken to supply a world wide demand for the Flanders "4" Motorcycle. Plans have been made, and the material is either on hand, or on the way for 15,000 motorcycles that the company will manufacture for the season of 1913.

The company will make three models for the coming season. One of them will be a twin cylinder and the other two will be single cylinder machines, one being chain driven and the other a belt drive.

It has been fully demonstrated in all of the events that the Flanders "4" has been in, that the company has the fastest machine on the market today, and their finish is second to none.

The work is well under way on the three models and at present it is expected that the twin cylinder will be ready in about ten days. The other two models have been fully tested and proven satisfactory in every respect.

Wednesday forenoon the Chelsea plant was visited by W. E. Flanders, H. L. Stanton, Mr. Baus, Max Wallerling, Mr. Coffman, Mr. Farnsworth, of Pontiac, and Mr. Kercher, the New York distributor of the company. The party made a thorough inspection of the various departments.

In the automatic screw machine department the workmen are at work on some of the parts for the new Flanders "4" automobile that the company will turn out from their Pontiac plant. The ball department is crowded to its limit, and in fact the factory has a very promising year before it.

### Whitney Theatre Attractions For 1912.

The season of the New Whitney Theatre at Ann Arbor opens Tuesday, September 6, 1912, with Don McIntyre again as manager and with a list of attractions for the season that, as last year, contains one third more stars and New York productions than any theatre in Detroit has.

Since the New Whitney started in Ann Arbor very few of our Chelsea people ever get to Detroit to a show, as it is so much more handy to take in Ann Arbor, being able to leave here at 7:47 on the D. U. R. and return after performance at 11:15. In fact it is as handy as getting on a street car in the city, and the D. U. R. is always ready to hold Chelsea car until final curtain, should the play run beyond 11:15.

Manager McIntyre is to be congratulated upon this seasons list of attractions which includes "The Spring Maid," "The Siren" with Donald Brian, "The Coburn Players," "The Quaker Girl," "The Only Son," "Ethel Barrymore," "Billie Burke," "Buntz Pulls the Strings," "Bought and Paid For," "David Warfield," "Frank McIntyre," "Maud Adams" and many other.

The opening attractions on evening of September 6th is our old friend "Get Rich Quick Wallingford."

### Files Answer in Land Suit.

The answer of Anna Dunlavey and the State Savings bank of Owosso to the bill of complaint of Anna Dunlavey's sister, Mary Tiplady, who alleges that Anna Dunlavey has converted to her own use lands in Shiawassee county willed to her in trust for herself and Mary Tiplady, has been filed in the circuit court of this county, denying the jurisdiction of the court and all charges made by Mary Tiplady.

The answer recites that the land was valued at less than \$5,000 instead of over \$8,000, as alleged in the bill of complaint, but adds that no matter what its value, the matter is of no concern to Mary Tiplady because the property was not willed to Anna Dunlavey in trust, but in fee simple. Mrs. Dunlavey asks that the case be dismissed for that reason, and also because a chancery case concerning land in Shiawassee county should be tried in that county.

### Tuberculosis Sunday.

Churches and religious societies to the number of at least 100,000 will be urged to give special attention to the prevention of tuberculosis on Sunday, October 28, or on some day during the week preceding or the week following that date. This has been set apart and designated as the third annual tuberculosis day by the National Association for the study and prevention of tuberculosis.

### \$150—New Piano—\$150.

Free stool, drape and delivery. Terms \$1.00 per week. Grinnell Bros., Chelsea. Store at J. Bacon Mercantile Co.

## At Freeman's

You Get the Famous

## Velvet Brand Ice Cream

Made by the Detroit Creamery Co.

Who have one of the best equipped plants in the world. There is no Cream so good as Velvet. Try it at our fountain.

We are Cutting

The Finest Lyndon Full Cream Cheese at 19c per pound

We Are Selling

Good Things to Eat

and

Pure Drugs AND Medicines

## Coffee and Tea

We are selling more Coffee and Tea than ever before in the history of our business. It's the Quality and Price that does it.

TO SATISFY YOUR GROCERY WANTS TRY

**FREEMAN'S**

P. S.—Hammocks at a Big Reduction in Price.



We Are Selling Them  
THEY PLEASE

It is cheaper to keep in repair than to wait till the building falls down

Chick Feed, Hen Feed, Horse Feed and Cow Feed. We have them

We want your Huckleberries. Phone us for prices on Poultry

**Chelsea Elevator Company.**



### BOILED HAM

You will find our Boiled Ham delicious, like everything else that comes from our shop, such as Mince Ham, Bologna, Veal Loaf, etc. Order one of our Spring Chickens for your Sunday dinner. Try our steam kettle rendered Lard. We carry everything in the meat line.

**Fred Klingler**

## A-B New Idea Gas Ranges

They Insure Convenience  
and Cleanliness in  
the Kitchen

And nine-tenths of the drudgery of housework is a thing of the past.

A Big Line

Including eight different models  
now ready for your inspection



**BELSER'S**

ONE PRICE STORE



## NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF MICHIGAN

**A FLINT BOY BECAME ENTANGLED IN GUY ROPE; CARRIED 2,000 FEET IN THE AIR.**

**EVERY LARGE BONE IN HIS BODY BROKEN AS HE CRASHES TROUGHT BARN.**

**Storm Does Great Damage to Crops in the Grand Traverse Region—New Compensation Law Now in Force.**

Becoming entangled in one of the guy ropes of a balloon as Prof. Abner Amsdill of Lansing began an ascent with it in Flint, Chester Betts, 14, was carried 2,000 feet into the air, then to be dropped to his death.

His body crashed through the roof of a farm barn near the fair grounds and nearly every large bone in the body was broken.

The tragedy was witnessed by 5,000 spectators who had gathered at the fair grounds, where the ascension was a feature of the closing day of the Genesee county fair. Several made a mad rush for the lad as he was jerked into space as the balloon ascended, but so rapid was the getaway of the big gas bag they were unable to reach the screaming youth, who was crying, "Oh! Save me, Mr. Balloonman."

The boy, with a score of others, had been helping to hold down the balloon while Prof. Amsdill was making ready for the ascension. All let go at Amsdill's signal word but the Betts boy, who had become entangled in the ropes and could not free himself.

As the balloon shot upwards Prof. Amsdill became aware of the boy's predicament, told him to hold tight and made a desperate effort to swing far out in his trapeze swing and catch the struggling lad. His efforts were near success, when the boy fell to his death.

The body fell flat on the roof of W. P. Stewart's farm barn and broke through it as though the roof were paper. Splinters flew in all directions. Betts was still breathing, but unconscious, when the crowd reached the barn. He died on the way to the hospital, where it was found nearly every bone in his body was broken.

When Amsdill landed, a few seconds after the tragedy, he was grief-stricken. He said that if the boy had been able to hang on five minutes longer he could have saved him. Amsdill told how he had attempted to reach the lad by swinging out on his trapeze, but fell short by 15 feet.

### Storm Does Great Damage.

The worst storm in many years struck Traverse city Sunday and did immense damage to wire companies, railroads and farmers. Practically all telephones are out of commission on account of being burned out by contact with high tension wires of electrical companies. Young orchards located on hillside were washed out and practically ruined. While the potato and bean crops suffered damage estimated at \$100,000.

The west end of the city is under water, caused by an overflow of Asylum creek.

One hundred feet of track on M. & N. E. railroad at Gratiotville, one mile west, was washed out. Washouts were reported on the Pere Marquette.

Considerable damage was done by lightning throughout the county, several barns being burned. All wire companies are heavy losers, as hundreds of phones were burned out and some of the large cables burned out.

### Compensation Law in Force.

The new employers' liability and workmen's compensation law, passed by the legislature in special session last spring, now is in operation. The first two days of existence were quiet ones, being on Sunday and on Labor day, when the majority of workingmen were not on duty.

The working of the law in the next four months will be watched with care by both friends and enemies. The latter will try to pick flaws in the law and the former are anxious to see wherein it may be improved. It was realized at the time it was passed that it was of such far-reaching extent and so new in many of its provisions that only a practical workout would show whether it was fully qualified or not to meet the situation.

### 10,000 in Labor Day Parade in Detroit.

Inspired by the hand-clapping and shrill cheers of their mothers, wives and sweethearts, the inspiring strains of nearly a dozen bands and conscious of their own strength, nearly 10,000 union labor men marched through the principal downtown streets of Detroit in their annual Labor day parade.

Work has been started on the new \$20,000 city hall to be built in Belding.

Green corn caused the death of Mrs. Emily Needles, at Nichols house in Battle Creek, according to physicians. Mrs. Needles ate the corn at Gull Lake and acute indigestion followed. Mrs. Needles' home was in Ann Arbor.

Whitehall has completed the building of two and one-half miles of paved streets under the direction of the local street commissioner. The city advertised for bids, but the city deemed them too high and did the work. The total cost was but a trifle over 5 per cent of the lowest bid.

All records for arrests were broken in Lansing during the past three months, according to the report made by Chief Sargent. The records show a total of 897 arrests, a majority of which were for drunkenness. May leads with 264 and August followed with 226.

## DR. F. FORMARECK



One of the leaders in the Illinois delegation to the National Progressive convention.

**Fireman Killed in Ann Arbor Wreck.**  
Ann Arbor passenger train No. 54 ran into a washout about a mile north of Marston. Fireman Roy Boyd, 24, who was shoveling coal at the front of the engine, which was overturned, and drowned in the creek.

Engineer Burt Beyerly saw the washout just before the train, which was going about 30 miles an hour, struck the spot and tried to jump, but as the engine fell on his side of the cab, he was pinned in. He was badly scalded about the shoulders by escaping steam, and severely bruised, but it is believed that he will recover. Conductor William Conroy, who was taking tickets at the time in the smoker, was also badly injured. Besides internal injuries, his left arm was broken in two places. It is thought he will recover.

### Banks May Accept Finger-Print Plan.

One of the most interesting subjects now being considered by the American Bankers' association, which will meet in Detroit the week of September 9, is the matter of identification. The fallibility of signatures and handwriting experts has become more and more apparent as the criminal calendars of the courts have become crowded with cases of fraud. In the face of so-called safeguards, savings banks especially have been involved in wrongful payments to foreigners and illiterates, until the question of absolute identification has given more and more anxiety.

### STATE BRIEFS.

The Sterling Motor Co. has filed articles of incorporation with capital of \$300,000 and will erect a large motor car factory in Flint.

The Pere Marquette receivers have applied for an injunction to restrain 15 plaintiffs from continuing suits against the road involving property title.

The annual convention of the Upper Peninsula Educational association will be held in Iron Mountain Oct. 3 and 4. At least 700 teachers will attend.

F. I. Drinkmeyer, a former Cadillac express agent, was arrested on a charge of embezzling \$1,200. The agent disappeared while an auditor was examining his books.

A family reunion was held at the home of Alonzo Bostwick in Lapeer, at which 33 children and grandchildren were present. They came from Lansing, Millington, Flint and Riverdale, Cal.

Senator William Alden Smith will start his campaign for re-election at the completion of a three weeks trip along the Mexican border with a congressional committee of which he is chairman.

A big harvest festival will be given in Owosso next month and people from all over the county will be present. Horse races, a ball game and balloon ascension will be features of the day.

William McComb, a commercial evangelist, addressed a largely attended mass meeting in Marshall in the interests of a bigger Marshall. He will organize a business men's association next week.

The camp meeting of the Northern Michigan Seventh Day Adventists in Traverse City closed the ten days' session, proving the most profitable in the history of the organization. Eight converts were baptized at the close.

John Aho and Jacob Honkala, Finnish miners at the Franklin mine, Hancock, fought a duel with knives for the favor of Minnie Aho, the belle of the mining district. Both men were cut badly about the head, face and body.

Henry Passmore, 85 years old, a civil war veteran, saved the 2-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Bouquette from drowning in the cistern. When the child fell in her cries were heard by the aged war veteran just in time.

Labor Commissioner Powers declares that owing to the petitions of large numbers of canning factory owners in the state he believes it will be working a hardship to enforce the 54-hour a week labor law for women employees.

Department Commander Spillane and Col. O. A. Jones, of Detroit; Congressman J. M. C. Smith, Probate Judge Porter, Attorney J. L. Hooper and Col. H. H. Muller gave addresses at the Calhoun County Veterans' reunion in Marshall. The next encampment will be held at Battle Creek. C. H. Browning, of that city, was elected colonel.

## TERRIFIC STORMS IN TWO STATES

**CLOUDBURSTS SWEEP WESTERN PART OF PENNSYLVANIA AND A SECTION OF WEST VIRGINIA.**

**RIVERS ON RAMPAGE CAUSE GREAT DAMAGE TO PROPERTY.**

**Children Drowned in Bed—Loss of Life Believed Much Greater Than at First Reported—Railways Are Washed Out.**

Following a night of torrential rainfall and cloudbursts throughout western Pennsylvania, eastern Ohio and a large part of the Panhandle district of West Virginia, reports from the flooded region today tell of at least 86 dead, millions of dollars of property destroyed and railroads and telegraphs demolished.

Thirty-six persons are known to have been drowned and many others are missing following a series of storms which swept over western Pennsylvania and the Panhandle of West Virginia. The Baltimore & Ohio railroad and the Panhandle railroad were badly washed, and it is stated that days will pass before traffic can be resumed. Through trains were marooned in the flooded district. Many manufacturing plants are under water and the property damage will be heavy.

### More Deaths Reported.

Reports from Colliers, in the Panhandle of West Virginia, are that nine persons have been drowned there and many more are missing, but the exact loss of life cannot be ascertained until the searching parties along the valley of Hannons creek have completed their work. The storms came after a day of unusual heat, and burst with little warning. Rain fell in torrents, small streams soon became raging torrents, houses were swept away and lives lost before the people were aware the flood was upon them.

### Butler, Pa., Suffers.

At Butler, Pa., Center avenue and Newton and Race streets were flooded. Lightning struck the residence of George Wilson near Zellenople and it was burned to the ground with a loss of \$3,500. Near Middle Lancaster a large barn was struck and burned. The home of Rev. J. H. Braden, in West Sunbury, was struck and damaged.

Telephone service is crippled seriously. The Pittsburgh & Butler Street Railway company has been unable to operate cars because of shortage of power. Service on the Pittsburgh, Harmony, Butler & Newcastle was affected and cars were tied up several hours.

The worst flood in the history of Canonsburg is reported. Seventy-five families in New Philadelphia, a suburb, have been rescued on rafts and boats. The streets have been made streams and in Central avenue, the main thoroughfare, the water is three feet deep. Many families are marooned in the upper stories of their homes.

It is believed water has flooded the Hazlet mine, of the Pittsburgh & Buffalo company.

### Transportation Cut Off.

All means of transportation has been cut off by the waters. Telegraph wires have been torn down, railroad tracks are flooded and all their means of transportation cut off. Many homes in the heart of the town are in danger of being carried away.

### Small Riot in Jackson Prison.

While the inmates of the Michigan state prison here were at breakfast an incident broke out among them, which was quickly quelled, but not until Steward Coffin, who looks after the prisoners' bill of fare, had been the target of nearly every plate and dish on the several long dining tables.

Coffin was cut about the head and badly bruised about the body before he succeeded in getting beyond the fusillade. He was dragged to safety by the guards.

The outbreak, it is said, followed complaints about the quality of food served in the prison.

### STATE BRIEFS.

A. H. Babcock, drowned in Spring Lake near Grand Haven when a new hydroplane in which he and C. A. Williams were riding turned turtle. Babcock was a boat builder.

The Progressives of Arenac county have called a convention to be held in Standish Sept. 7. L. Whitney Watkins, candidate for governor, will be one of the speakers.

United States Senator Isaac Stephenson has returned to his home in Marinette. He has recovered from the illness from which he suffered while camping north of Escanaba.

Hamilton King, of Olivet, United States minister to Siam, died at Bangkok, Siam, Sunday, the state department was informed by cable by Vice Consul-General Hansen. His death was sudden, resulting from uremia and heart failure.

The first battalion of the Michigan State Naval Brigade has been invited to attend the naval review to be held in New York harbor Oct. 12.

The golden anniversary and forty-seventh annual reunion of the Twenty-third Michigan Volunteer Infantry will be held in the auditorium at East Saginaw Sept. 17 and 18.

At the voting precincts in Flint the local option committee had workers out with petitions, which the voters were asked to sign. They wish to have the question resubmitted at the spring election. The county was dry for two years, but went back into the wet column a year ago.

## MRS. JOHN S. BOGGES



Mrs. Bogges, leader of Chicago's army and navy circles, renowned beauty of Columbus, O., celebrated musician and solo heir to the millions of John T. Keating, law partner of United States Senator Atlee P. Pomerehne, has mysteriously disappeared.

### July Death Rate Was 11.4 per 1,000.

There were 2,318 deaths reported to the department of state during the month of July, 1912.

This number corresponds to an annual death rate of 11.4 per 1,000 estimated population.

A decrease of 34 deaths is noted as compared with the month of June. There were 544 deaths of infants under 1 year of age, 161 deaths of children aged 1 to 4 years, inclusive, and 789 deaths of elderly persons, aged 65 years and over.

Important causes of deaths were as follows: Pulmonary tuberculosis, 144; other forms of tuberculosis, 45; fever, 41; diphtheria and croup, 35; scarlet fever, 6; measles, 6; whooping cough, 24; pneumonia and broncho-pneumonia, 71; diarrhea and enteritis, under 2 years of age, 191; meningitis, 30; influenza, 4; cancer, 195; violence, 237.

As compared with the month immediately preceding an increase is noted in the number of deaths reported from tuberculosis of organs or parts of the body other than of the lungs, diphtheria and croup, whooping cough, enteritis, cancer and violence.

A slight decrease is noted in the number reported from tuberculosis of the lungs. In addition to the above important causes of death there were two deaths reported from poliomyelitis, one from tetanus, one from hydrophobia and one from leprosy.

There were 5,477 births during the month of July. This number corresponds to an annual birth rate of 23.0 per 1,000.

### Fraternal Congress Ends.

With the election of officers for the coming year and the appointment of a committee to complete arrangements for consolidation with the Associated Fraternities of America, the National Fraternal congress closed its convention at the Grand Hotel in Mackinac Island. A feature of the session was the presentation of a cut-glass water set to Past President D. P. Markey of Detroit.

The convention closed with no settlement of the place where the congress will meet next year, the decision being left to the executive committee. In all probability the congress will meet again at the Grand Hotel.

The following officers were elected: President, J. D. Clark, Dayton, O.; vice-president, William Powers, Boston; secretary and treasurer, C. A. Gower, Lansing.

### Had "Sacred" Knife for President.

Caroline Beers, aged 40, who said she was from Greenville, Ohio, was arrested by Pittsburgh detectives at the Southern hotel, in Columbus, O., while waiting for President Taft with two long knives found concealed in her clothing. The woman said she was the wife of the president.

Mrs. Beers said she was going to punish the president. She had been noticed waiting around the hotel and told employees that she was waiting for the president.

"I have the sacred knife for President Taft," she told a detective when arrested. The woman did not get near the president but was found and rushed out of the hotel just as the presidential party arrived.

### Gen. Booth Laid at Side of Wife.

The body of the founder of the Salvation Army, General William Booth, was buried beside that of his wife in the cemetery of Abney Park, in the heart of the East End of London, where the great evangelist began the work that spread over the entire world. No such gathering of the populace on a funeral occasion has been witnessed here except on the deaths of Queen Victoria and King Edward VII.

A special election will be held in Ironwood township Sept. 12, to vote on the proposition of bonding for \$40,000 for the improvement of roads. The Finnish labor temple was dedicated in Marquette with appropriate ceremonies Monday.

The resort season has about closed and the resorters are leaving the Port Huron beaches by scores. Although the past season was not as good as usual, it is the general belief that the Port Huron resorts fared better than most others in Michigan.

Arlo Wilson, aged 18, son of R. V. Wilson, a prominent Carlton farmer, was shot and almost instantly killed when his shotgun was accidentally discharged in drawing it across a boat. The entire charge passed through the boy's body, under the arm. Wilson and his brother were returning from a hunting trip on the lakes.

## SOLDIERS STOP RIOT AT JACKSON PRISON

**32 CONVICTS BREAK OUT OF DUNGEON AFTER DAYS OF TURMOIL.**

**SIGHT OF MILITIA WITH LOADED GUNS COWS PRISONERS.**

**Warden Simpson and Board of Control Forced to Call Militia to Prevent Scaling of Walls.**

Tuesday night a cordon of khaki-clad soldiers—five companies of Michigan National guard, 250 strong—

and the prison guards, numbering about 60, is thrown about the state prison buildings at Jackson. Khaki-clad men pace the walls and in the long steel corridors soldiers tramp up and down before the barred windows, with guns loaded with riot cartridges. The orders are to shoot, and shoot to kill, upon the first refusal of any convict to obey an order.

Governor Osborn early Tuesday evening personally gave his emphatic approval to the stern measures. He went further, urging Warden Simpson to use the sternest and most effective means to determine, once for all, whether or not the prisoners still entertain any notion that they can conduct the affairs of the prison.

The seriousness of the riots among the convicts of the Jackson state prison was revealed Monday night when the prison board of control adopted a resolution granting Warden Simpson power to use any method he deemed necessary to quell the rioting convicts.

The warden immediately called the local militia, when 62 prisoners broke out of the "bull pen" at 10:45 Tuesday morning.

They slinked within the walls, presumably watching for an opportunity to escape.

The local companies of the state militia were called on the scene armed with rifles and ball cartridges, with orders to shoot down any convict who attempted to scale the walls. Warden Simpson entered the prison and took personal charge of the fight to overcome the rioters.

The city fire department was called to the prison to put out any fires that might be started.

The convicts were among those sent to the dungeon for persisting in yelling, breaking windows and other unruly conduct.

The prison guards, armed with carbines and revolvers, and ordered to shoot any convict who makes an attack on a guard or a break for liberty.

When the 60 prisoners who had broken out of the prison dungeon, the "bull pen," saw the guns of militia men and guards they held up their hands and permitted themselves to be led into their cells.

The militia did not fire any shots, but prison guards are said to have used guns twice and it is said one convict was wounded.

The adjutant general at Lansing has forwarded riot orders to the local M. N. G.

The board of control has affirmed the shoot-to-kill order for would-be escapees.

To add to the confusion Tuesday morning a fire was reported started within the prison walls. An alarm was turned in and several pieces of fire fighting apparatus was soon on the scene. Where the fire raged originally is not known, but there was no fire. The report that the convicts had broken loose spread over the city and within a short time hundreds of people had gathered in the streets surrounding the penitentiary.

It was necessary to rope off the streets and the police officers of the city were ordered out to aid in keeping the crowds back. W. H. L. Wernicke of Grand Rapids and Edward Frendorf of Hudson, both members of the board of control of the prison, worked desperately in rounding up men for guard duty. When the rebellion came a call for men was sent out and several newspaper men who were on the grounds were drafted in for guard duty.

Each man, even the reporters, was sworn to secrecy and it was necessary in several instances for the newspaper reporters to secure the aid of other reporters in getting their stories to their papers. How the convicts held in the bull pens made their escape from the enclosure is not known. It is reported that a convict had been shot by one of the guards, but this is denied by men who were on guard within the walls.

While the rioting prisoners were in the prison yard after their escape from the bull pens they began ruining everything within reach. Considerable damage was done to property in the west end.

Practically every prisoner secured weapons of some kind. Knives, hammers, barrel staves, etc., were used by the convicts.

On seeing the fire department enter the prison yard, many of the rioters fled back into the prison, while others hid in the various factory buildings, hoping to step over the walls when an opportunity presented itself.

H. O. Willis, evangelist, who has been well known in Detroit a number of years as "Brother Willis," died in Harper hospital, where he had been since last May. He was taken ill of hardening of the arteries last spring while conducting services in the Charleston, W. Va., Y. M. C. A.

Sixty-two patients at the state asylum at Pontiac were removed last week to the Traverse City state institution. The patients came in a special train over the G. R. & I. railroad. The crowded condition of the Pontiac institution necessitated their removal.

## THE MARKETS.

**DETROIT.**—Cattle—Canners and bulls, active and higher; other grades 10c lower; extra dry-fed steers (quotable), \$8.00@8.50; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200, \$8.25@7.50; steers and heifers, 800 to 1,000, \$5.00@6.25; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 800 to 1,000, \$5.00@6.25; good heifers that are fat, 500 to 700, \$4.00@5.00; choice fat cows, \$4.75@6.25; good butchers, \$4.00@4.75; common cows, \$3.50@4.25; canners, \$2.50@3.25; choice heavy bulls, \$4.50@4.75; fair to good bologna, \$3.75@4.25; stock bulls, \$3.50@4.00; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, \$4.50@5.00; choice stockers, 800 to 1,000, \$4.50@5.00; fair stockers, 500 to 700, \$4.50@5.00; fair steers, \$3.75@4.25; milkers, large, young, medium age, \$4.00@5.00; common milkers, \$2.50@3.50.

**Yeast calves.**—Market strong; best \$10 @11, others \$4.50@9.50. Sheep and lambs—Market steady; best lambs, \$6.00@6.75; fair to good lambs, \$5.75@6.25; light to common lambs, \$4.00@5.50; yearlings, \$4.75@5.25; fair to good, \$3.00@4.50; culls and common, \$2.25@2.75. Hogs—Market 25c to 30c lighter. Light to good butchers, \$8.00@8.50; light to good, \$7.50@8.25; light Yorkers, \$8.50@8.75; stags, 1-2 off.

**East Buffalo, N. Y.**—Cattle—Slow.

1,500 lb. steers, \$8.75@9.00; good to prime 1,200 to 1,300 lb. steers, \$8.50@8.75; good to prime 1,100 to 1,200 lb. steers, \$8.25@8.50; medium butchers, 1,000 to 1,100 lbs., \$7.00@7.25; butchers, 950 to 1,000 lbs., \$6.00@6.50; light butchers, \$5.35@5.55; best beef, \$4.50@5.00; good to prime cows, \$4.50@5.00; fair to good cows, \$3.75@4.50; common to fair cows, \$3.25@3.75; trimmers, \$2.50@3.00; ers, \$2.00@2.50; best butchers, \$4.75@5.00; light butchers, \$4.75@5.00; butchers, \$4.75@5.00; feeding steers, \$5.25@5.50; common feeding steers, \$4.00@4.50; stock ers, \$4.00@4.50; best butchers, \$4.75@5.00; bologna, \$4.00@4.50; stock bulls, \$3.75@4.25; best milkers, \$4.00@4.50; common kind and springers, \$2.50@3.50.

**Hogs.**—Heavy, \$11.50@12.25; Yorkers, \$10.00@10.25; pigs, \$8.50@9.00.

**Sheep.**—Slow; spring lambs, \$7.00@7.25; yearlings, \$5.50@5.75; wethers, \$4.75@5.00; ewes, \$2.50@4.25.

**Calves.**—\$5@12.50.

**GRAIN, ETC.**

**Detroit.**—Wheat—Cash and September 2nd, \$1.10; December option, \$1.12; 1st, \$1.12; 2nd, \$1.12; 3rd, \$1.12; 4th, \$1.12; 5th, \$1.12; 6th, \$1.12; 7th, \$1.12; 8th, \$1.12; 9th, \$1.12; 10th, \$1.12; 11th, \$1.12; 12th, \$1.12; 13th, \$1.12; 14th, \$1.12; 15th, \$1.12; 16th, \$1.12; 17th, \$1.12; 18th, \$1.12; 19th, \$1.12; 20th, \$1.12; 21st, \$1.12; 22nd, \$1.12; 23rd, \$1.12; 24th, \$1.12; 25th, \$1.12; 26th, \$1.12; 27th, \$1.12; 28th, \$1.12; 29th, \$1.12; 30th, \$1.12; 31st, \$1.12; 1st, \$1.12; 2nd, \$1.12; 3rd, \$1.12; 4th, \$1.12; 5th, \$1.12; 6th, \$1.12; 7th, \$1.12; 8th, \$1.12; 9th, \$1.12; 10th, \$1.12; 11th, \$1.12; 12th, \$1.12; 13th, \$1.12; 14th, \$1.12; 15th, \$1.12; 16th, \$1.12; 17th, \$1.12; 18th, \$1.12; 19th, \$1.12; 20th, \$1.12; 21st, \$1.12; 22nd, \$1.12; 23rd, \$1.12; 24th, \$1.12; 25th, \$1.12; 26th, \$1.12; 27th, \$1.12; 28th, \$1.12; 29th, \$1.12; 30th, \$1.12; 31st, \$1.12; 1st, \$1.12; 2nd, \$1.12; 3rd, \$1.12; 4th, \$1.12; 5th, \$1.12; 6th, \$1.12; 7th, \$1.12; 8th, \$1.12; 9th, \$1.12; 10th, \$1.12; 11th, \$1.12; 12th, \$1.12; 13th, \$1.12; 14th, \$1.12; 15th, \$1.12; 16th, \$1.12; 17th, \$1.12; 18th, \$1.12; 19th, \$1.12; 20th, \$1.12; 21st, \$1.12; 22nd, \$1.12; 23rd, \$1.12; 24th, \$1.12; 25th, \$1.12; 26th, \$1.12; 27th, \$1.12; 28th, \$1.12; 29th, \$1.12; 30th, \$1.12; 31st, \$1.12; 1st, \$1.12; 2nd, \$1.12; 3rd, \$1.12; 4th, \$1.12; 5th, \$1.12; 6th, \$1.12; 7th, \$1.12; 8th, \$1.12; 9th, \$1.12; 10th, \$1.12; 11th, \$1.12; 12th, \$1.12; 13th, \$1.12; 14th, \$1.12; 15th, \$1.



SERIAL  
STORYEXCUSE  
ME!Novelized from  
the Comedy of  
the Same NameILLUSTRATED  
From Photographs  
of the Play as Produced  
By Henry W. Savage

Copyright, 1911, by H. W. Savage

## SYNOPSIS.

Harry Mallory is ordered to the Philippines. He and Marjorie, who are engaged, travel abroad and learned in England the habit of smoking in the corridors of expensive hotels, had acquired also the habit, as travelers do, of calling England free than America. She determined to do her share toward the education of her native country, and chose, for her topic, tobacco as a feminine accomplishment. She had grown indifferent to stares and audible comment and she could fight a protesting head waiter to a standstill. If monuments and tablets are ever erected to the first woman who smoked publicly in this place or that, Mrs. Jimmie Wellington will be variously remembered and occupy a large place in historical record.

The narrow confines of the women's room on the sleeping car soon palled on her, and she objected to smoking there except when she felt the added luxury of keeping some other woman outside—fuming, but not smoking. And now Mrs. Jimmie had staked out a claim on the observation platform. She sat there, puffing like a major-general, and in one portion of Nebraska two farmers tell off their agricultural vehicles at the sight of her cigar-smoke trailing after the train. In Wyoming three cowboys followed her for a mile, yipping and howling their compliments.

Feeling the smoke mood coming on, Mrs. Wellington invited Mrs. Temple to smoke with her, but Mrs. Temple felt a reminiscent qualm at the very thought, so Mrs. Jimmie sauntered out alone, to the great surprise of Mrs. Lathrop, whose motto was, "Two heads are better than one," and who was apparently willing to wait till Anne Gattie's head grew on his shoulder.

"I trust I don't intrude," Mrs. Wellington said.

"Oh, no. Oh, yes," Anne gasped in fiery confusion as she fled into the car, followed by the purple-faced Mrs. Temple, who slammed the door with a growl: "That Wellington woman would break up anything."

The prim little missionary toppled into the nearest chair: "Oh, Ira, what will she think?"

"She can't think!" Mrs. Gattie grumbled. "In a little while she'll know."

"Don't you think we'd better tell everybody before they begin to talk?" Ira glowed with pride at all the thought and murmured with all the ardor of a senile Romeo: "I suppose so, ducky darling. I'll break it—I mean I'll tell it to the men, and you tell the women."

"All right, dear, I'll obey you," she answered, meekly.

"Obey me!" Ira laughed with boyish swagger. "And you a missionary!"

"Well, I've converted one heathen, anyway," said Anne as she darted down the corridor, followed by Mrs. Temple, who announced her intention to "go to the baggage car and dig up his old Prince Albert."

In their flight forward they passed the mysterious woman in the stateroom. They were too full of their own mystery to give thought to hers. Mrs. Fosdick went timidly prowling toward the observation car, suspecting everybody to be a spy, as Mrs. Temple suspected everybody to be a clergyman in disguise.

As she stole along the corridor past the men's clubroom she saw her husband—her here-and-there husband—wearily counting the telegraph posts and summing them up into miles. She tapped on the glass and signalled to him, then passed on.

He answered with a look, then pretended not to have noticed, and waited a few moments before he rose with an elaborate air of carelessness. He beckoned the porter and said:

"Let me know the moment we enter Utah, will you?"

"Yasab. We'll be comin' along right soon now. We got to pass through the big Aspen tunnel, after that, before long, we sploince into old Utah."

"Don't forget," said Fosdick, as he sauntered out. Ashton perked up his ears at the promise of a tunnel and kept his eye on his watch.

Fosdick entered the observation car with a hungry look in his roomy eyes. His now-and-then wife looked up a warning finger to indicate put up a warning finger to indicate Mrs. Whitcomb's presence at the writing desk.

Fosdick's smile froze into a smirk of formality and he tried to chill his tone as if he were speaking to a total stranger.

"Good afternoon," Mrs. Fosdick answered with equal cold: "Good afternoon. Won't you sit down?"

"Thanks. Very picturesque scenery, isn't it?" Fosdick seated himself, looked about cautiously, noted that Mrs. Whitcomb was apparently absent from his letter, then lowered his voice confidentially. His face kept up a strained pretense of indifference, but his whisper was passionate with longing:

"Has my poor little wife missed her poor old hubby?"

"Oh, so much!" she whispered. "Has my poor little hubby missed his poor old wife?"

"Horribly. Was she lonesome in that dismal stateroom all by herself?"

"Oh, so miserable! I can't stand it much longer."

Fosdick's face, blazed with good

magnificent scorn: "I am no longer in Mrs. Wellington's confidence."

"Oh, excuse me," said Mallory. He had noted that the Wellingtons occupied separate compartments, but for all he knew their reason was as romantic as his own.

## CHAPTER XXIII.

Through a Tunnel.

Mrs. Jimmie Wellington, who had traveled much abroad and learned in England the habit of smoking in the corridors of expensive hotels, had acquired also the habit, as travelers do, of calling England free than America. She determined to do her share toward the education of her native country, and chose, for her topic, tobacco as a feminine accomplishment.

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will be very cautious—till we get to Utah."

The old clergyman, a little fuzzy in brain from his debut in beer, continued innocently to confirm the appearance of a detective by drifting aimlessly about. He was looking for his wife, but he kept glancing at the uneasy Fosdicks. He went to the door, opened it, saw Mrs. Wellington finishing a cigar, and retreated precipitately. Seeing Mrs. Temple wandering in the corridor, he motioned her to a chair near the Fosdicks and she sat by his side, wondering at his filmy eyes.

The Fosdicks, glancing uncomfortably at Dr. Temple, rose and selected other chairs further away. Then Roger Ashton sauntered in, his eyes searching for a proper companion through the tunnel.

He saw Mrs. Wellington returning from the platform, just tossing away her cigar and blowing out the last of its grateful vapor.

With an effort at sarcasm, he went to her and offered her one of his own cigars, smiling: "Have another."

She took it, looked it over, and parried his irony with a formula she had heard men use when they hate to refuse a gift-cigar: "Thanks. I'll smoke it after dinner, if you don't mind."

"Oh, I don't mind," he laughed, then bending closer he murmured: "They tell me we are coming to a tunnel, a nice, long, dark, dismal tunnel."

Mrs. Wellington would not take a dare. She felt herself already emancipated from Jimmie. So she answered Ashton's hint with a laughing challenge:

"How nice of the conductor to arrange it."

Ashton smirked his lips over the prospect.

And now the porter, having noted Ashton's impatience to reach the tunnel, thought to curry favor and a quarter by announcing its approach. He bustled in and made straight for Ashton just as the tunnel announced itself with a sudden swoop of gloom, a great increase of the train-noises and a far-off clang of the locomotive bell.

"In just a little while we come to the Utah line—then we're safe."

"God bless Utah!"

The rapture died from her face as she caught sight of Dr. Temple, who happened to stroll in and go to the bookshelves, and taking out a book happened to glance near-sightedly her way.

"Be careful of that man, dearie," Mrs. Fosdick hissed out of one side of her mouth. "He's a very strange character."

Her husband was infected with her own terror. He asked, huskily: "What do you think he is?"

"A detective! I'm sure he's watching us. He followed you right in here."

"We'll be very cautious—till we get to Utah."

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Out of the Egyptian darkness came the unmistakable sounds of osculation in various parts of the room. Doubtless, it was repeated in other parts of the train. There were numerous cooing sounds, too, but nobody spoke except Mrs. Temple, who was heard to murmur:

"Oh, Walter, dear, what makes your breath so funny?"

Next came a little yowl of pain in Mrs. Fosdick's voice, and then daylight flooded the car with a rush, as if time had made an instant leap from midnight to noon. There were interesting disclosures.

Mrs. Temple was caught with her arms round the doctor's neck, and she blushed like a spoony girl. Mrs. Fosdick was trying to disengage her hair from Mr. Fosdick's scarf-pin. Mrs. Whitcomb alone was deserted. Mr. Ashton was gazing devotion at Mrs. Wellington and trying to tell her with his eyes how velvet he had found her cheek.

But she was looking reproachfully at him from a chair, and saying, not without regret:

"I heard everybody kissing every body, but I was cruelly neglected."

Ashton's eyes widened with belief, he heard a snicker at his elbow, and whirled to find the porter rubbing his black velvet cheek and writhing with pent-up laughter.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

No Occasion for Surprise.

This story is told of Forrest, the great tragedian:

Forrest was playing in "Richard III," and the part of Catesby had to be taken by a low comedian, who sauntered on the stage at the wrong moment and uttered the famous words, "My lord, the duke of Buckingham is taken."

Forrest clenched his fists in rage, but otherwise took no notice of the remark.

Later on the comedian repeated the words in the right place, and when the king expressed surprise at the news Catesby folded his arms, walked boldly down the stage, and remarked to the great actor in loud tones:

"I told you so before, Mr. Forrest, but you wouldn't believe me."

Unexpected Testimonial.

Little Bidderon prided himself upon his good appetite and his capacity for amusing. He was dining with a friend a few nights ago, and did his best to keep his host and hostess with their six-year-old daughter amused, and at the same time managed to do ample justice to the good things proffered.

"Oh, dear, Mr. Bidderon," remarked the little one, after the guest's whitest smile, "I wish you'd come here to dinner every day."

Bidderon positively beamed satisfaction. "Do you, dear?" he smiled. "Why?"

"Cause," he replied, "as the observant maiden glanced round the table, 'cause there wouldn't be anything else to eat the next day."

Many women who wear silk stockings complain of small rips and broken stitches, and imagine that the stockings are faulty of make. But this is not always the difficulty. The cause of the little break often comes from running one's hand within the stockings while rings are on the fingers. These rings and the stones in them catch the tiny threads and break them, causing the damage.

Proper Wording of Cards.

When there are three sisters in a family, all unmarried, how should the visiting cards be worded and should the address be on the card of each one?—Inquirer.

The eldest daughter has simply the prefix "Miss" and the last name; the other girls use their full given names and the address is on each card.

MADAME MERRI.

Questions From "A Wild Rose."

Will you kindly answer the following questions? Is it proper to thank a person if they tell you your dress is pretty or should this be done only when they tell you that you look good in it? What is the meaning of "varity"? What should be the contents of the wardrobe of a girl who expects to attend an inexpensive school? This to be inexpensive, not elaborate. How is "Misses" pronounced? If a number of persons pass you is it necessary to speak to each one? Is it correct to wear a white dress on a train if you expect to travel only a short distance? What initial should be placed upon the bridal linen? If a boy asks to see you home and you do not care to have him accompany you what should you say?—Wild Rose.

It is polite to say "thank you" when a person compliments either you or your frock. "Varsity" is short for "university." A girl needs at school just about what she would need at home. I cannot specify the garments. "Misses" is pronounced exactly as if spelled "Mrs."

It is polite to recognize each person as they pass. I do not like white on a train, but it all depends upon circumstances, cover up the pretty frock with a long coat. A bride's initial marks her wedding linen. Just say to the boy that you are provided for and thank him for his kindness in asking you.

Pertaining to a Wedding.

At a simple home wedding, where expense is an item to be considered, may the invitations for the ceremony be written and announcements sent to those who are not asked? Must any entertainment after the ceremony be provided for the guests, and is the bride supposed to really cut the cake or just put the knife in? Please refer to these questions in your department and greatly oblige.—September.

Certainly write notes to those whom you wish to see your married and send announcements to the others. Even where expense does not have to be considered this is frequently done. No form of entertainment is necessary for the guests; a wedding is all the diversion required. The bride merely puts the knife into the cake; some one else does the actual work. It is only a pretty ceremony signifying that the bride is now the hostess and mistress at her own table.

An Afternoon Party.

As I have often been benefited by your splendid answers, I shall appreciate it very much if you will kindly help me in regard to an afternoon entertainment. Suggest something for a menu. Something rather simple and still very nice.—Sidney.

I find that cards are still the standard for most people for afternoon parties, with a few musicales and thimble parties. Refreshments for afternoon affairs are quite simple as the elaborate spreads spoil the appetite for the evening meal. If the weather is warm serve something frozen with small fancy cakes and tiny cups of hot coffee, or a salad with coffee and sandwiches, or tea, small cakes and sandwiches.

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Two Queries.

Is it customary for a bridal couple to go into the dining-room for refreshments first, and is the groom obliged to wear a dress suit at a seven o'clock wedding?—Anxiety.

The bridal couple are usually served first and etiquette prescribes full dress for a bridegroom after the hour of six. Circumstances may alter cases, but I can only tell you what custom and society demand.

Health & Beauty  
Hints  
By Katherine Morton

"My business requires a great deal of writing, and I find my eyes are beginning to hurt and look strained. Can you tell me any exercise for resting them or making them stronger? Also please advise me about the cosmetics I would need to give them a softer look when going out in the evening."

"A BUSINESS GIRL."

The eye is the most responsive of our physical parts, and from this very fact it requires a frequent change of focus. While doing any work which requires a close, fixed gaze, such as writing, sewing or embroidery, the worker should often lift her eyes and look off to a more distant point. If the office desk is near a window, pitch the gaze to the farthest object visible during these rests, which if only taken every half hour would be of benefit. But the oftener the gaze is directed toward distant objects the better—such as the blue tip of a distant hill, the horizon line, a shadowy church steeple, etc.—for the normal eye the far-off gazing is a natural rest. Small badly-lighted rooms and the shut-in outlook of city life readily promote eye strain, for constant muscular effort is required to adjust the eye to close objects. If the window gazing is not possible, or the outlook provides only a view of high walls, a good expedient for resting the eyes is to hang pictures of mountains and landscapes with distant perspectives where the worker can see them easily when looking up from her close work.

Frequent rests of two or three minutes with the eyes closed are also helpful, and these will never be missed from the sum total of the day's work, being more than made up for by the greater ease with which the task can be pursued. But at the same time a definite eye strain often intimates a need of glasses, and if these are correctly fitted, and used always for working moments, it is frequently possible to do without them at other times.

Washing the eyeball night and morning with tepid water and an antiseptic such as salt or boric acid, would undoubtedly be a comfort to much-used eyes, and it would not be much extra bother to keep an eyecup in the dressing room of the office and repeat the baths several times during the day. The eyecup will cost ten cents, and the tiniest pinch of salt is all that is needed, this being mainly to soften the effect of the water, which, when used alone pains the eyes considerably. The boric acid, being a definite antiseptic, is considered more helpful than the salt and it is best bought in crystal form. Put a teaspoonful of the crystals in a glass of boiled water, cover the glass, and use the dilute fluid both in the eyecup and for bathing with absorbent cotton. The water will only take up as much of the acid as it can hold, so more water can always be poured over the remaining crystals.

Many doctors advise the use of ice packs at night for very tired eyes, the chill of these reducing inflammation at once. Wrap up a little finely cracked ice in two bits of old handkerchief, and apply the packs to the closed eyes when lying down. Using the ice during the day as well would be a further benefit.

Sensitive eyes should always be guarded against the direct glare of artificial light, so the reading lamp must be shaded with a dark quiet color such as deep green and the light itself should fall over the left shoulder. When long exposed to a bright glare of artificial light the eyes out of gear may be seriously injured; as for perfectly well eyes they would have to be of the strongest sort to stand such abuse. Eyelids are for the especial purpose of guarding the eyes against too much light, but as they do not shut it all out healthful sleep can only be taken in a dark room.

The simplest coloring materials used are the cosmetic pencils, which can be had in every color, black, brown, auburn and blonde; very dark brown, however, is more used than pure black, as this makes a line almost too heavy for naturalness. The pencil follows the natural line of the eyebrow, and as straight brows are now thought more beautiful than the curved ones once painted at the outside end. A very faint tinting is done on the upper and lower lid, and for this the pencil is rubbed on a piece of paper and the powder transferred to the lids with a finger. This gives a softer and more beautiful shadow than if lines were made with the pencil itself.

Rings Tear Stockings.

Many women who wear silk stockings complain of small rips and broken stitches, and imagine that the stockings are faulty of make. But this is not always the difficulty. The cause of the little break often comes from running one's hand within the stockings while rings are on the fingers. These rings and the stones in them catch the tiny threads and break them, causing the damage.

Proper Wording of Cards.

When there are three sisters in a family, all unmarried, how should the visiting cards be worded and should the address be on the card of each one?—Inquirer.

The eldest daughter has simply the prefix "Miss" and the last name; the other girls use their full given names and the address is on each card.

MADAME MERRI.

Questions From "A Wild Rose."

Will you kindly answer the following questions? Is it proper to thank a person if they tell you your dress is pretty or should this be done only when they tell you that you look good in it? What is the meaning of "varity"? What should be the contents of the wardrobe of a girl who expects to attend an inexpensive school? This to be inexpensive, not elaborate. How is "Misses" pronounced? If a number of persons pass you is it necessary to speak to each one? Is it correct to wear a white dress on a train if you expect to travel only a short distance? What initial should be placed upon the bridal linen? If a boy asks to see you home and you do not care to have him accompany you what should you say?—Wild Rose.

It is polite to say "thank you" when a person compliments either you or your frock. "Varsity" is short for "university." A girl needs at school just about what she would need at home. I cannot specify the garments. "Misses" is pronounced exactly as if spelled "Mrs."

It is polite to recognize each person as they pass. I do not like white on a train, but it all depends upon circumstances, cover up the pretty frock with a long coat. A bride's initial marks her wedding linen. Just say to the boy that you are provided for and thank him for his kindness in asking you.

Pertaining to a Wedding.

At a simple home wedding, where expense is an item to be considered, may the invitations for the ceremony be written and announcements sent to those who are not asked? Must any entertainment after the ceremony be provided for the guests, and is the bride supposed to really cut the cake or just put the knife in? Please refer to these questions in your department and greatly oblige.—September.

Certainly write notes to those whom you wish to see your married and send announcements to the others. Even where expense does not have to be considered this is frequently done. No form of entertainment is necessary for the guests; a wedding is all the diversion required. The bride merely puts the knife into the cake; some one else does the actual work. It is only a pretty ceremony signifying that the bride is now the hostess and mistress at her own table.

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Social Forms  
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Entertainments

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## The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, East Middle street, Chelsea, Michigan.

## O. T. HOOVER.

Terms: \$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1900, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Edward Weiss spent Sunday in Flint.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hofer spent Sunday in Jackson.

Rev. W. P. Considine spent Monday in Pinckney and Dexter.

Miss Katie Stapish, of Jackson, was a Chelsea visitor Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Reilly spent the first of the week in Adrian.

John Miller, of Chicago, is visiting his mother and sisters here.

Mrs. J. L. Gilbert was a Lansing visitor Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. Mary Doody, of Lyndon, is visiting relatives in Dexter.

Miss Jennie Geddes visited her sister in Tecumseh last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. McKernan spent Monday with relatives in Detroit.

Mrs. Willis Benton is spending a few days with relatives in Jackson.

Miss Laura Hieber spent the first of the week in Walkerville and Windsor.

Miss Pauline Schneider, of Ann Arbor, visited friends here last week.

Miss Pauline Girbach spent several days of last week in Detroit and Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Foran, of Detroit, are visiting relatives here this week.

Ross Monroe returned Sunday from a week's visit with relatives in Detroit.

Mrs. J. Jedele and daughter, of Dexter, were Chelsea visitors Wednesday.

J. P. Wood, of Detroit, spent several days of this week with Chelsea friends.

William Kolb, August Lambert and Lloyd Hoffman spent Monday in Jackson.

Mrs. Michael Wackenhut, of Jackson, is spending a few days here with relatives.

Mrs. P. Barthel and daughter Miss Isabelle spent Sunday and Monday in Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Adair, of Hastings, were Chelsea visitors the first of the week.

Stanley Foran, of Detroit, spent several days of this week at the home of Frank Lusty.

Misses Mary Kolb, Winifred Eder and Winifred Stapish were Dexter visitor Monday.

Miss Margaret Eder left Monday for Portland where she will teach the coming year.

J. S. Cummings spent several days of the past week at Niagara Falls and St. Catharines.

Miss Ella Rosenbaum, of Cincinnati, is a guest at the home of W. S. Pleimale, of Lima.

Miss Phyllis Monroe returned Sunday from a two months' visit with relatives in Detroit.

Mrs. John Meathe and daughters, of Ann Arbor, were guests of the Miller Sisters Sunday.

Mrs. Lewis Emmer is spending a few days in Brooklyn, Mich., with her mother, who is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. James Geddes were guests of their daughter in Tecumseh Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. Nettie Rothman and daughter, Gladys, have been visiting friends in Ypsilanti for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Heselschwerdt and Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Johnson were Ann Arbor visitors Monday.

Mrs. J. S. Cummings returned from St. Catharines Tuesday, after spending several days with friends.

Mrs. Cosgrove, of Iowa, was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Fletcher Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Rankin, of Nicholson, Ky., are the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Howard Congdon.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Johnson were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Glenn, of North Lake Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Deuman are spending this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Leach of Lima.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Corwin and children, of Toledo, spent Sunday and Monday with Mrs. Mary Winans.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Wenk and children, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wenk and children, and Mrs. Kathryn Wenk, of Freedom, were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Otto Goetz, of Dexter township.

Mrs. J. C. Taylor entertained her son George and family, of Detroit, several days of last week and first of this.

Dr. R. M. Speer and family, of Battle Creek, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Webster the first of the week.

Miss Edythe Johnson visited Miss Vera Hadley, of Lyndon, a few days of last week, returning home Tuesday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin, of Perry, spent several days of the past week at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Ford Axtell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Dancer and Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Clark are making an auto trip this week through Canada and Toronto.

Mrs. Jacob Lutz and children, of Ann Arbor, spent several days of the past week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Weiss.

Walter Pielemaier, of Lima, left this week for Tangier, Indiana, where he will teach in the high school for the coming year.

Misses Artana and Alwena Lambrecht and Clara and Mary Koch attended the Sunday school convention in Jackson Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Glenn, Miss Flora Burkhardt and Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Johnson attended the picnic at Whitmore Lake Saturday.

Mrs. Fred Lucht and daughter Ella, of Ann Arbor, spent a few days of last week with her sister, Mrs. Otto Goetz, of Dexter township.

Mr. and Mrs. William Schmidt and daughter, Frieda, of Ann Arbor, spent Labor Day at the home of Otto Goetz and family, of Dexter township.

Miss Bertille Hindelang, who has been visiting relatives in this vicinity returns to her home in Mishawaka, Ind., the latter part of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George A. BeGole spent Sunday and Monday in Dowagiac.

Mr. BeGole returned Monday evening and Mrs. BeGole later in the week.

## Church Circles.

## ST. PAUL'S.

Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.  
Services at 10 a. m.  
Sunday school at 11 a. m.

## CONGREGATIONAL.

Rev. Charles J. Dole, Pastor.  
Morning worship with sermon by the pastor at 10 o'clock.  
Sunday school at 11 o'clock.  
Evening service at 7 o'clock.  
Strangers are cordially invited to attend all the public services of this church.

SALEM GERMAN M. E. CHURCH,  
NEAR FRANKISCO.  
G. C. Nothdurft, Pastor.  
Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.  
German worship at 10:30 a. m. led by Fred Kalmbach.

Epworth League at 7:30 p. m.  
Rev. Geo. Nothdurft has gone to Marietta, Ohio, to attend the annual conference.

The Ladies' Aid will meet next Wednesday, September 11, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kalmbach.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.  
Rev. J. W. Campbell, Pastor.  
Sermon at 10 a. m. Sermon by the pastor.

Bible study at 11 a. m.  
Evening sermon at 7 o'clock.  
At 7:30 p. m. Monday meeting of the official board.

Prayer meeting Thursday at 7:15 p. m.

Members will be received into the church Sunday morning.

At 8:30 Wednesday morning the Detroit Conference will meet at Alpena.

No preaching Sunday, September 15th.

## DOING THEIR DUTY

Scores of Standard Readers are Learning the Duty of the Kidneys.

To filter the blood is the kidneys' duty.

When they fail to do this the kidneys are weak.

Backache and other kidney ills may follow.

Help the kidneys do their work.

Use Doan's Kidney Pills—the tested kidney remedy.

Chelsea people endorse their worth.

Mrs. Lewis Burg, Garfield street, Chelsea, Michigan, says: "I have no hesitation in recommending Doan's Kidney Pills for I know them to be a remedy of great merit. I suffered intensely from backache and in the morning upon arising I felt lame and weak. A distressing kidney weakness clung to me persistently and these troubles made me very anxious to get relief. Finally I procured Doan's Kidney Pills and soon after I began using them, I was free from my aches and pains. I have been feeling much better every way since."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Good used Pianos at bargain prices. Grinnell Bros., Chelsea. Store at J. Bacon Mercantile Co.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

## FRANCISCO NOTES.

James Richards spent Tuesday in Charlotte.

E. J. Notten was a Brooklyn visitor one day last week.

J. J. Lehman was in Ann Arbor Sunday and Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Notten spent Monday in Jackson.

A. Richthoffer and son Lewis were in this vicinity Monday.

Elmer Schweinfurth was a guest of his parents over Labor day.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Lewis, of Jackson, spent Sunday at the home of H. Phelps.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Hatt, of Grass Lake, spent Sunday with Leonard Loveland and family.

The Cavanaugh Lake Grange will meet with Mrs. Geo. Towers Tuesday evening, September 10.

H. Harvey and family spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. Jordan and family near Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Musbach and Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Lehman spent Sunday with John Herr and family near Napoleon.

The band boys from this vicinity went with the Waterloo band to Pleasant Lake Thursday and Friday and furnished music.

Nora and Wesley Bau returned to their home in Saginaw the first of week after spending the summer with their sister, Mrs. G. Nothdurft.

Mrs. G. Havens and daughter, Mrs. Fred Otis and two children returned to their home in Hastings the latter part of last week after spending a couple of weeks with relatives.

## LYNDON CENTER.

Miss Celia McKune went to Detroit on Monday last for an indefinite stay.

Felix O'Neil, of Denver, has been calling on old friends in this vicinity recently.

Dr. S. Straith and family spent Labor Day with Mr. and Mrs. Barton and family.

A good many from here attended the Catholic picnic at Dexter on Labor Day.

Miss Frances McIntee, of Detroit, is at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. McIntee.

Dr. G. A. Howlett, of Ann Arbor, spent Monday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Howlett.

Dr. and Mrs. John Martin, of Ann Arbor, spent the past two weeks visiting the McKune families here.

On Tuesday evening of last week the young folks held a pedro party at the home of Miss Nellie Young.

The Roepcke Bros., of Unadilla, are now in this vicinity threshing out the farmers little grain crop. They broke an engine shaft on Friday last which delayed them for a couple of days.

Herbert Clark, of Chicago, spent from Saturday till Monday at the home of his father, John Clark and family. Mrs. Clark and daughter who have spent the past month here accompanied him home.

## SHARON NEWS.

Several people from here took in the races at Clinton Saturday.

Fred Bruestle, of Ypsilanti, spent Monday with his brother, J. Bruestle.

Lydia Koebe and Mabel Washburn began school at Grass Lake Tuesday.

Miss Florence Reno began her school at Bridgewater station Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Dorr, of Grass Lake, spent Sunday with Mrs. C. C. Dorr.

Miss Finch, of Saline, will teach school in district No. 9 the coming year.

Mr. and Mrs. Otis Cooper, of Grass Lake, spent Sunday with the latter's mother.

Geo. Lehman and family, of Saline, spent Sunday and Monday at the home of Fred Lehman.

M. H. Heselschwerdt, C. W. Upton, G. M. Thompson, A. R. Dillman, L. E. Becker autoed from Rochester Monday and were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Kilmer.

## Glorious News

Comes from Dr. J. T. Curtis, Dwight, Kan. He writes: "I not only have cured bad cases of eczema in my patients with Electric Bitters, but also cured myself by them of the same disease. I feel sure they will benefit any case of eczema." This shows what thousands have proved, that Electric Bitters is a most effective blood purifier. It's an excellent remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Price 50 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed by L. F. Vogel, H. H. Penn Co. and L. T. Freeman Co.

## WATERLOO DOINGS.

Mr. and Mrs. Austin Gorton, of Unadilla, spent Sunday with L. D. Gorton and family.

Irene and Clayton Rentschler returned home Saturday after spending last week in Clinton.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Thomas and family, of Jackson, spent Sunday with John Hubbard and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Rommel entertained Mr. and Mrs. Fred Durkee, of Jackson, from Saturday until Monday.

Mrs. Jacob Katz and children, of Jackson, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Reithmiller.

## ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

J. E. Weber is having his residence on east Middle street painted.

Born, Monday, September 2, 1912, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Moore, a son.

Conrad Spinnagle has had a monument erected on his lot in Mt. Olivet cemetery.

The Ann Arbor Gas Co. have begun the work of numbering the stores and residences here.

Miss Minnie Watson, of Sarnia, is now employed as trimmer for Miss Kathryn Hooker.

The B. Y. P. U. will conduct a sale of baked goods on Saturday at the store of Geo. H. Foster & Son.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Johnson and daughter attended the funeral of P. W. Watts last Friday at North Lake.

Correspondents should remember that their communications should be signed in order that they may be published.

## Notice.

We the undersigned business men agree to close our places of business Friday, September 6th, from 2 o'clock p. m. until after the ball game: John Farrell & Co., H. H. Penn Co., W. F. Kanteleher, L. T. Freeman Co., J. Bacon Mercantile Co., A. E. Winans & Son, C. E. Kanteleher, F. H. Belser, H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co., Holmes & Walker, Dillon & Barbour, Geo. Eder, L. P. Vogel, Fred C. Klingler, Eppler & VanRiper.

## Princess Theatre.

Florence Lawrence in "Not Like Other Girls" in two reels, will be the feature at the Princess tonight. Don't miss the greatest picture Miss Lawrence has ever appeared in.

Tomorrow (Sports Day) the Princess theatre will be open afternoon and evening, entire change in the evening. Western and comedy subjects selected with special care will predominate.

The "Universal Animated Weekly" giving the news of the world in motion pictures will be shown at the Princess every Wednesday night.

## A Beautiful Trip.

September is the most beautiful month in the north country and this year having been so cold it will be more noticeable than usual. The D. & C. Company on Sept. 9 will run its annual excursion from Detroit to this territory, and these trips are the most beautiful and by far the cheapest in the world. One can now go to Mackinaw Island and return on their magnificent steamers for \$4.50, and the rate to the Sault and back by way of Mackinaw, with stop-over privileges, is only \$7.50. The return limit is fifteen days, and anyone liking the water should surely take advantage of this beautiful trip.

## YOUR MONEY BACK

L. T. Freeman Co. Return Money Paid Them If Their Medicine Fails to do as They Say.

We positively guarantee satisfactory relief or no pay to sufferers from kidney or urinary troubles. Should our remedy fail to give entire satisfaction, we will supply it free of all cost to the user. That's a frank statement of facts, and we urge you to substantiate them at our risk.

To re-establish nature's functions; to strengthen, stimulate to activity, and restore to perfect health weak and diseased kidneys and associate organs, there is really nothing we know of that equals Rexall Kidney Pills.

We cannot too highly recommend Rexall Kidney Pills. To prove our great faith in their efficacy and dependable qualities, we offer them to you with our money back promise. Surely that's the best proof we can offer that our claims are sincere and well founded. Why not begin a treatment today? Price 50c. Sold in this community only at our store—The Rexall store. L. T. Freeman Co.

## Notice to Taxpayers.

Village taxes for 1912 are now due, and must be paid on or before September 15, 1912.

HERMAN DANCER, Village Treasurer.

## New Fall Goods

Are Now Being Shown  
In Our Clothing Dept.

## New Suits for Boys and Men

NEW HATS AND CAPS IN ALL THE LATEST SHAPES AND COLORS

NEW MONARCH AND ARROW SHIRTS—THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF HANDSOME PATTERNS EVER SHOWN.

NEW SHOES IN THE CELEBRATED PINGREE AND PACKARD MAKES ALL LEATHERS AND STYLES.

Remember every pair guaranteed satisfactory. Come in and see the new things even if you are not ready to buy. We are always glad to show goods

## To the Ladies of Chelsea and Vicinity:

Our dry goods buyers are now in the wholesale markets selecting our fall stocks of Dress Goods, Coats, Suits, Furs, Trimmings, Silks, Cotton Piece Goods, Blankets, etc. It is our aim to show a larger and more complete stock than ever. It will pay you to watch these departments.

## H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

## Take Notice

Everything that goes into our baked goods is carefully selected as to quality and freshness. We are just as particular as you would be, and the result is a constantly increasing patronage. The good home flavor that is found in all our baked goods is bringing new customers daily. If you want good baked goods call on us.

Edwards & Watkins

## Ingredients are Inspected



## CABINET WORK

All kinds of furniture built to order. Repairing, refinishing and upholstering of your old furniture a specialty. Shop in rear of Shaver & Faber's barber shop.

E. P. STEINER

## FOR SALE

SHROPSHIRE RAMS  
AND  
Two Poland China Boars  
G. T. ENGLISH

## DETROIT UNITED LINES

Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Detroit.

LIMITED CARS.  
For Detroit 7:49 a. m. and every two hours to 7:49 p. m.  
For Kalamazoo 8:07 a. m. and every two hours to 8:07 p. m. For Lansing 8:07 p. m.

LOCAL CARS.  
East bound—8:00 a. m. and every two hours to 10:00 p. m. To Ypsilanti only, 11:55 p. m.  
West bound—8:04 a. m. and every two hours to 11:40 p. m.  
Cars connect at Ypsilanti for Saline and at Wayne for Plymouth and Northville.

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## SUNDAY EXCURSION

via  
Michigan Central  
Sept. 8th, 1912  
(Returning same day)

TO  
Jackson..... \$1.35  
Battle Creek..... 1.00  
Kalamazoo..... 1.25  
Grand Rapids..... 1.75  
Train leaves Chelsea at 8:40 a. m.  
Tickets accepted in coaches only.  
Baggage will not be checked on these tickets.

## Weber New Bettendorf Columbus Steel King

but he cannot forget the long, faithful service he gets from it. I H C wagons are built to last long and give satisfactory service. Where you find a man owning an I H C wagon, you will rarely see him with any other make at any time.

The wood parts of I H C wagons are made from selected, high-grade, air-dried lumber. The metal parts are mostly steel of the strongest and best kind. Weber and Columbus wagons have wood gears, while Steel King and New Bettendorf have steel gears.

The best wagon for your purpose is sold by the I H C local dealer who will give you the best of reasons for buying it. Get literature and information from him, or write

## International Harvester Company of America

(Incorporated)

Jackson I H C Service Bureau Mich.

The purpose of this Bureau is to furnish, free of charge to all, the best information obtainable on better farming. If you have any worthy questions concerning soils, crops, land drainage, irrigation, fertilizers, etc., make your inquiries specific and send them to I H C Service Bureau, Harvester Building, Chicago, U.S.A.

Notice to Taxpayers.



## Summer's Favored Fashions



This season, as in those past, we are prepared to serve you with apparel and furnishings of elegance and refinement that is sure to be appreciated by men of discriminating tastes.

### CLASSY STYLES IN TWO PIECE SUITS

Ranging in prices from \$15.00 to \$30.00.

### Summer Shirts

With Detached Collars to Match, prices from 50 cents to \$2.00.

### Negligee Shirts

in all styles, prices from 50 cents to \$2.00. Call and see them.

### Summer Underwear

Union Suits from \$1.00 to \$3.00.  
"B. V. D." Union Suits price \$1.00.  
"POROSKNIT" Union Suits price \$1.00.  
Two Piece Suits from 50 cents to \$2.00.

### STRAW HATS

#### SAILORS

From \$1.00 to \$3.00.

#### PANAMAS

From \$4.00 to \$6.00.

Boy's Straw Hats from 15 cents to 50c.

## Correct Fitting Is Most Important

### In Men and Boys' Shoes.

Our shoes are made with the broad orthopedic toe, insuring plenty of room for your feet. Furthermore, if you buy your shoes here you will have the assurance of knowing that the fitting is done by experts. Permit us to make good our claim.

## DANCER BROTHERS.



### Family Pride

One of the strong elements in our national character is reverence. We perpetuate family pride in keepsakes. Elgin and Waltham Watches are known to have been handed down from father to son for many generations and are still doing duty. If you haven't one of these watches in your family now come in and let us show them to you today. We have many attractive designs.

A. E. Winans & Son



## THE BEST

Prime Beef, Pig Pork, Veal and Spring Lamb, Salt Pork, Sweet Cured Hams and Bacon, Fowls, Spring Chickens, Boiled Ham, Veal Loaf, Pressed Meats, Frankfurts, Summer Sausage, Bologna, Corned Beef, etc.

Eppler & VanRiper

## The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

### Don't Scatter Your Money

#### Broadcast

But come here and bank it with this bank. We offer exceptional facilities to depositors that help on towards a greater competency. The realization of a cherished sum for investment, for home building, for self culture, is within the reach of every money earner who will say, "I WILL." And every one who will say this can find a strong and helpful ally in our bank.

Absolute safety with courteous treatment is our motto. We solicit new accounts, both large and small, assuring to all the most careful attention to their individual needs.

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

## LOCAL ITEMS.

Many of the residents of this vicinity spent Monday in Jackson.

Otto Schanz has accepted a position with the Chelsea Elevator Co.

Mrs. Barbara Manz is having her residence on Lincoln street shingled.

Miss Agatha Kelley has left for Durand where she will teach school this year.

The Chelsea ball team defeated the Ann Arbor team in Dexter Monday afternoon by a score of 3 to 1.

The Democrats will hold a convention in Ann Arbor on Friday of this week to nominate delegates to the state convention.

Miss May Steigelmaler, who will teach the McLaren school in Lima for the coming year, began her work the first of this week.

Russell Wheelock and family have moved from their farm in Lima to the residence of Mrs. Bertha Schanz, on west Middle street.

The Ladies' Aid Society of St Paul's church will meet Friday afternoon of this week at the home of Mrs. G. Hutzel on Railroad street.

Miss Hazel Whipple, of Lima, commenced her duties as teacher of the Everett school in Sharon, for the coming year, last Monday.

The family of the late S. A. Collins, of Lyndon, have erected a very fine monument on the family lot in Mt. Hope cemetery, of Waterloo.

Born, Wednesday, September 4, 1912, to Dr. and Mrs. Samuel Schultz, of Coldwater, a son. Mrs. Schultz is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Bacon.

M. L. Burkhardt is making arrangements to build a new residence the coming spring on the farm that he recently purchased of O. C. Burkhardt in Lima.

The annual meeting of Oak Grove Cemetery Corporation will be held in the town hall, village of Chelsea, at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, September 14th.

St. Mary's school opened Tuesday with a good enrollment in every department. The Sisters of St. Dominic who have charge of the school, will teach the ninth grade the coming year.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bowling, who have been residing in the Lehman house on Congdon street for the past year, will move into the Mitchell residence on Main street the last of this week.

The L. T. Freeman Co. has installed a new coffee mill in their grocery department. The mill is driven by an electric motor of one-half horse power, and has a grinding capacity of four pounds per minute. The new mill is a double affair, one side of which grinds and the other pulverizes the coffee.

Tuesday evening, at the electric waiting room, Deputy Sheriff McKune picked up a runaway colored girl, about 13 years of age, who had left one of the hospitals in Ann Arbor. Officer McKune returned with her to Ann Arbor in the evening. The child was well dressed and seemed to be willing to return to the hospital.

The Ann Arbor Gas Company have resumed work at their Railroad street property. The steam heating plant and gas reservoir will be pushed to completion as rapidly as possible. The pipe line from Ann Arbor will be completed as far as the plant this week, and the connections with Chelsea consumers will be made as fast as the mains can be laid.

The Flanders "4" Motorcycle team consisting of I. B. Swegles, J. W. Adams and E. French, accompanied by H. F. Riggs, as mechanic, were in Saginaw Sunday and Monday where they took part in the motorcycle races. The Flanders team carried off six first premiums, three seconds and two thirds. The premiums consisted of six cups, three gold watches and two stick pins. The boys have taken part in four different racing events and have brought home twenty-four cups.

The Chelsea fire department was called to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Vickers about 6:30 last Saturday morning. A blaze had started in the kitchen from an overheated stove, and for a short time it was thought that it might prove to be rather serious. The department ran to the last hydrant and started a line of hose across the fields but before they reached the house the flames had been subdued. The residence was considerably smoked up and the wood work in the kitchen was charred. The loss is covered by insurance.

Miss Helene Steinbach reopened her studio this week.

The Lenawee county fair will be held in Adrian September 23-27.

Several from here attended the Labor Day celebration in Detroit Monday.

Miss Freda Denman, of Cleveland, has accepted a position with the Miller Sisters as a trimmer.

Miss Charlotte Steinbach will leave Friday for Cleveland, where she will teach in the public schools for the coming year.

Miss Cora Riemenschneider, of Waterloo, has accepted a position as clerk in the department store of W. P. Schenk & Company.

Miss Adeline Spirnagle, who has been engaged to teach a school near Norvel for the coming year, left Monday to begin her work.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Nill, of Jackson, Tuesday, September 3, 1912, a son. Mrs. Nill was formerly Miss Jessie Benton of this place.

Ed. Vogel accompanied by Lyle Runciman spent several days of this week in Chicago on business for the H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

The one-day teachers' institute held by County School Commissioner Essary in the high school auditorium last Friday was well attended.

T. G. Speer is in South Haven this week attending the sessions of the Grand Lodge of the K. of P. as a representative of the Chelsea Lodge.

A number from here attended the home-coming and picnic at Dexter Monday. Chelsea won the ball game with Ann Arbor by a score of 3 to 1.

The 57th session of the Detroit Annual Conference of the M. E. church will convene at Alpena at 8:30 o'clock Wednesday morning, September 15th.

Elmer Beach took H. S. Holmes and B. Hawley of this place and E. G. Hoag, of Ann Arbor, to Stockbridge Sunday where they visited Mr. Hoag's mother, who is very ill.

Matthew Schwikerath has taken the contract to erect a new residence for Harry H. Lyons in Jackson. He will commence the work as soon as the foundation walls are completed.

Married, Wednesday, September 4, 1912, at the home of the bride's parents in Flint, Miss Lena Pettis, and Edward Schenk. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Schenk, of Sylvan.

The east side won the baseball game that was played in the Wagner field on North street Monday afternoon, between the east and west sides of Main street. Both sides played good ball.

Bert Freevor, the guard at the Jackson prison who was discovered delivering dope and money to the prisoners last week, was a former resident of this place, and while he resided here he took ditching contracts.

Married, Wednesday, August 28, 1912, in St. Matthews church, Chicago, Ill., Mrs. Sarah Fredricka-Gibney and Mr. George Miller. The groom is well known here and is a son of Mrs. Geo. Miller of Chelsea.

Berry boxes next year must be large enough to hold a regulation dry quart. This is provided for in a new state law which is in effect after January, 1913. The small "wine" sized box, hitherto used by berry growers must necessarily be abandoned.

A Republican county convention will be held at the court house in the city of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, September 10th, 1912, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing 29 delegates to the state convention to be held in the city of Detroit, on Tuesday, September 24th, 1912, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the several state offices.

Gov. Hiram Johnson, of California, who is running for vice president on the Progressive ticket, will pass through Chelsea on a special train Saturday, September 7, arriving at 10:20 a. m. and will speak for ten minutes from rear of train. Johnson is the man who as city prosecutor cleaned up on the city boudlers of San Francisco some time ago and is a live wire both in action and as a speaker.

The ladies committee in charge of the aster bouquet display of the J. Bacon Mercantile Co., last Saturday, consisting of Mesdames A. N. Morton, C. E. Whitaker and C. W. Maroney awarded the first premium of \$10.00 to Mrs. C. H. Young and the second premium of \$5.00 to Mrs. W. D. Arnold. All of the ladies had a fine display of flowers. All of the bouquets that were brought to the exhibit were distributed among the different churches and the Old Peoples' Home.

# School Days Are Here!

## Fit the Children Out at W. P. Schenk & Co.'s Store

The more children you have the more you will be interested in the many necessary items found here at little prices, all selected with careful consideration of school children's needs.

### Girls' and Boys' School Shoes

A large assortment ready for your inspection. Girls' Shoes at from \$1.25 to \$2.00. Boys' Shoes at from \$1.65 to \$2.25.

### School Supplies

Everything needed in this line can be found in our Basement. Tablets of every shape and quality from 1c to 10c. Lead Pencils at 1c, 2c, 3c and 5c. Foot Rules at 1c, 5c and 10c. Erasers, 1c to 5c.

### Sweater Coats

For all ages. Most attractive showing ever made here. We are surely on the ground floor this season on Sweater Coats, both as to style, quality and price. Ask to see them.

### Girls' and Misses' Hose

At 10c, 15c, 19c and 25c. Better quality than you will find elsewhere at these prices.

### When Two Seasons Meet

The meeting of two seasons, Summer and Fall, at this store results in bargains on all Summer Merchandise, because we want to push it out fast now, and also it gives bargain hunters a chance to save money on every purchase of summer goods, and at the same time take a peep at the new Fall Merchandise which is daily being placed on sale. Visitors always welcome.

# W. P. Schenk & Company

### "Get Rich Quick Wallingford."

There is a laugh raised within the first minute after the curtain is raised on the first act of "Get Rich Quick Wallingford" which Cohan and Harris announce for presentation at the Whitney Theatre, Ann Arbor next Friday, September 6. After that the laughter is well nigh continuous. Geo. M. Cohan, who wrote the piece from George Randolph Chester's book of the same name, might have called his stage version of it "Get Laughs Quick Wallingford." In the dramatic form it is a Cohan musical show without music. Everything and everybody is kept moving so briskly it well nigh makes one dizzy. The play is in four acts; the first showing the office of the Battle House in Battleground. Here J. Rufus Wallingford arrives and he wakes up the town. He has been a promoter of all sorts of schemes and his operations have been on such an extensive scale that the millions of the law are upon his trail, and they have given him the title of "Get Rich Quick Wallingford." Battleground is a quiet little settlement and Wallingford sees the opportunity to make it a manufacturing city. His suave manner and nimble wit aid him in gaining the confidence of the leading citizens. With no idea of what the scheme is, Wallingford exploits a carpet tack to match the carpets of the world. He makes such headway that his enterprise is encouraged by an investment of one hundred and twenty five thousand dollars, the local capitalists falling over themselves to put in their mite. He of course, retains a controlling interest in the enterprise and has the manipulating of the cash. There is but one complication. His pretty stenographer knows his schemes and she tries to persuade him from going to the bad. Although he has developed a fondness for her, he maintains that he is on the square, and by a singular coincidence everything comes his way. He is aided in his schemes by Blackie Daw, who has been his pal for many a day. The fact that the carpet tack industry has gone along so well has created a real estate boom in the town. This all works to the advantage of the hero, and by the time the fourth act is reached showing Wallingford's residence two years later, he not only becomes a millionaire, but the town is one of the commercial centers on the map.

HOWELL—At the primaries Monday Miss Maud Benjamin secured the nomination for school commissioner on the democrat ticket and Mr. Aldrich of Conway will be her opponent.

## J. Bacon Mercantile Co.'s

STORE OF "CERTAIN SATISFACTION" ON THE HILL

### Headquarters

For Steel Ranges and Heating Stoves, U. S. Cream Separators, Buggies and Wagons.

### SOME SPECIAL PRICES ON DINNER WARE

A good broom for ..... 25c  
3 large rolls toilet paper for ..... 15c  
12 5c boxes matches for ..... 35c  
10 bars Swift's Mohawk Soap for ..... 25c

Full stock of Fruit Jars, Rubbers and Caps. See Our Windows for Bargains.

## J. Bacon Mercantile Co.

## HOTEL GRISWOLD

Grand River Avenue Detroit, Mich.

### POSTAL HOTEL COMPANY

Fred Postal, President Charles Postal, Secretary

### DETROIT'S MOST POPULAR HOTEL

European Plan Only Rates \$1.50 per day and up

### THE FINEST CAFE WEST OF NEW YORK

Services A La Carte at Popular Prices

A Strictly Modern and Up-to-Date Hotel. Centrally located in the very heart of the city. "WHERE LIFE IS WORTH LIVING."

NOTHING BETTER AT OUR RATES



## Potato Culture

By H. J. EUSTACE,  
Professor of Horticulture,  
Michigan Agricultural College

**The Soil and Its Preparation.**  
A well drained sandy loam is ideal for potatoes. Such a soil should, if possible, be included in a regular rotation and the potato crop follow a clover sod which should be turned under in the fall, or early in the spring. When fall plowed, the sod will partly decay by spring and there will be an opportunity to work the soil several times with both disk and harrow before planting, which is very important. It has been demonstrated many times that much better crops can be produced upon a soil that has had extra working than when it has not been given.

Always avoid low fields where the frost may destroy the plants early in the fall before the growth has been completed.

### The Seed.

Whole tubers about the size of a hen's egg are very satisfactory for seed, especially so in a dry season. If such seed is not available use cut pieces about the size of a hen's egg and have at least two good eyes on every piece. Larger seed pieces may give a large yield but not enough to pay for the extra amount of seed required, especially if it is expensive.

If any of the seed is "scabby" even to a very slight degree, it should be treated by soaking for two hours in a solution made up in the proportions of one pint of formalin to thirty gallons water. Formalin can be procured from any druggist. Do this shortly before planting and before the seed is cut. Do not put the treated seed back into crates or bags that held the tubers before treatment, unless the crates are washed and the bags soaked in the solution. The scab disease may live in the soil for some years, so do not plant upon land that recently grew scabby potatoes or beets if it can be avoided.

### Fertilizers.

The best fertilizer for the potato crop is undoubtedly stable manure spread upon a clover sod before plowing in the fall. If spring plowed, spread the manure on during the winter or early spring. The plowed-under clover will in itself make a good fertilizer.

If it is desired to use a chemical fertilizer, our experiments made during the past few years indicate that a "home mixed" fertilizer containing 4 per cent nitrogen, 7 per cent phosphoric acid, and 10.8 per cent potash used at the rate of 500 pounds per acre is the most satisfactory. A ton of this fertilizer is made by mixing:

193 pounds nitrate of soda containing 15.5 per cent nitrogen.  
357 pounds dried blood containing 14 per cent nitrogen.  
1000 pounds phosphoric acid containing 14 per cent nitrogen.  
450 pounds sulphate of potash containing 48 per cent nitrogen.

2,000 pounds "home mixed" potato fertilizer.

It should not be overlooked that the value of a chemical fertilizer depends largely upon the physical condition of the soil, the moisture content as well as proper drainage and cultivation. Even very heavy applications of fertilizers will not make up for the lack of any of these conditions nor will the use of any kind of chemical fertilizer take the place of the humus or decayed matter in the soil.

### Planting.

When the planting is done by hand, furrows may be opened with team and one horse plow and if any chemical fertilizer is to be used it can be spread in the furrow by hand. On light or loose soils it is desirable to plant the seed about four to six inches deep. If shallow planted some of the potatoes will become exposed and sun burn. The seed pieces are dropped the distance desired, covered with a hoe, and the whole field smoothed over with a harrow.

It would be profitable to use machine planters upon large acreages (over ten acres) and with these a fertilizer attachment is often used to distribute the fertilizer. If the planter is not equipped with such an attachment the fertilizer may be drilled in with an ordinary drill before the field is planted, or can be spread by hand.

The distance for planting depends upon the fertility of the soil, but rows three feet apart and from 18 to 24 inches in the row has given good results on an average soil. With intensive cultivation and a rich soil, they may be planted as close as one foot in the rows.

### Cultivation.

Frequent cultivation will greatly help to produce a good crop and keep the field free from weeds. A spike tooth harrow is usually used once or twice before the plants come up and again just as they appear. A weeder is often used at this time and about once a week afterward until the plants are several inches high. During this time it may be advisable to go over the field once or twice with a cultivator. After the plants are five or six inches high cultivate about once a week or every ten days until there is danger of injury to the vines.

### Spraying.

Potato plants are sprayed with bordeaux mixture (5 pounds of copper sulphate, 5 pounds of stone lime and 50 gallons of water) to protect them from blight and rot (Phytophthora infestans) and with poison (1/2 pound of paris green or 2 or 3 pounds of arsenate of lead added to the bordeaux) to kill bugs. The blight and rot are not present every season in Michigan,

but in tests made at the college during several recent seasons, it has paid to spray the plants when blight has not been present. The application of bordeaux mixture in some way stimulates the plant and it grows longer in the fall, is freer from sun scald, tip burn and other troubles. Begin spraying when the plants are six or eight inches high or when the first spraying for "bugs" has to be made and repeat the treatment about every two weeks so that the new growth will be covered with the bordeaux mixture. If the weather is "muggy," conditions under which blight flourishes, spray oftener. Four or five sprayings will usually be sufficient and they can be made for 80 cents to \$1.00 per acre for each spraying, all expenses of material and labor included.

## Winter Vetch for a Cover Crop in Michigan Orchards.

By H. J. EUSTACE, Horticulturist,  
Michigan Agricultural College

Most of the successful orchards in Michigan are plowed in the spring and cultivated until mid-summer. This season is the natural one for trees to make a growth of new wood and the plowing and cultivating make the plant food in the soil available and stimulate the growth. After the cultivation ceases, the new growth will ripen, become hard and in a condition to pass through the average winter without injury, which it could not do if growth continued late in the fall.

At the last cultivation, it is desirable to sow something that will make a "cover crop" on the land during the fall, winter, and early part of the spring. If nothing is sown, weeds will make a "cover," but they will not make a uniform growth nor will they result in any benefit to the land and they may become a serious annoyance.

Many desirable features will result from having a cover crop in an orchard or vineyard, some of the more important ones are:

1. Their growth helps to check the tree growth and ripen the new wood.  
2. A cover of vegetable growth over the soil, supplemented by the root system will prevent, to a very large extent, the washing of the valuable top soil by the heavy fall and spring rains. This feature is especially valuable on knolls and hillsides.

3. A cover crop will catch and hold the leaves as they fall from the trees. They contain some fertility and afford some protection.

4. The cover crop itself will make a blanket over the soil and by holding the snow from blowing away, this feature will be more effective, as it will largely prevent deep and severe freezing of the roots and the alternate freezing and thawing, all of which causes serious losses in many Michigan orchards, especially those located upon the lighter and more porous soils.

5. One of the most valuable results from the use of cover crops is that they add humus and plant food to the soil. Certain plants commonly used for cover crops as clover, vetches, peas and beans, possess the power of gathering nitrogen from the air, storing it in the plants and later it becomes available in the soil.

Some of the advantages of the cover crop that might be mentioned are: That they encourage the deep rooting of trees; they make the fall and spring operations in the orchard more comfortable and they improve the physical condition of the soil.

A plant suitable for an orchard or vineyard "cover crop" must meet some unusual demands. It must make at least a fair growth during late summer and fall; it must be able to stand the tramping necessary at picking time; it must be able to withstand a possible drought; in most cases in Michigan it must live over winter and grow vigorously in the spring; it must be hardy and it should have the power to gather nitrogen from the air and hold it in the roots.

The experiment station has been carrying on tests in orchards and vineyards in different parts of the state to determine the best plant for a cover crop under Michigan conditions. At this time, winter vetch (*Vicia villosa*) promises to be especially valuable for this purpose. The plant is sometimes called hairy or sand vetch. It was imported from Europe many years ago and has long been used in the southern states especially as a forage crop. An appreciation of its value for orchard cover crop purposes is comparatively recent.

When sown as late as the middle of August, it makes a fair growth before winter, it will stand tramping well; it is not difficult to get started; it is hardy and will withstand the possible drought of fall and cold of winter; it grows vigorously in the early spring; it adds a large amount of nitrogen to the soil; it will succeed on a variety of soils and especially on sandy soil.

For cover-crop purposes in Michigan, the seed should be sown during July or early August, usually at the time of the last harrowing.

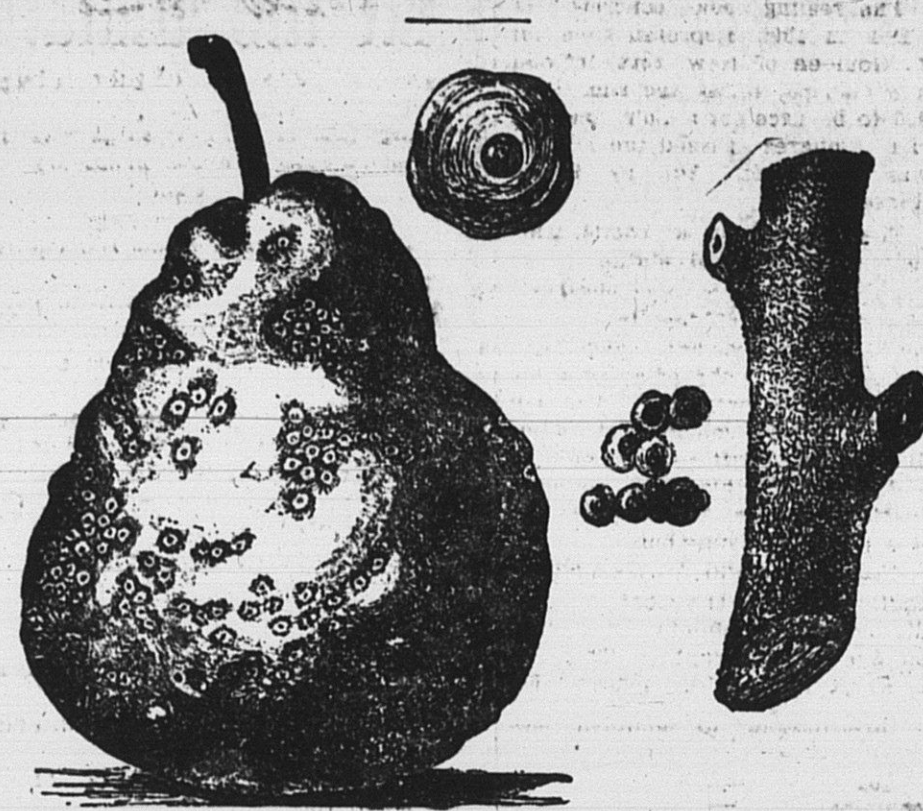
If the seed is sown broadcast about 25 to 30 pounds to the acre is required and it should be harrowed in. Good results have been secured by drilling 18 pounds of seed per acre.

A quick growth or "catch crop" can be secured by sowing a bushel of oats or rye with the vetch. Since the vetch does not make a large growth in the fall, this combination is often desirable.

There will not be any difficulty in turning under the vetch if the orchards are plowed at the proper time in the spring. Where the growth is extra large, a chain or rolling coulters may have to be used on the plow.

## SAN JOSE SCALE DOES IMMENSE HARM TO MANY PROFITABLE ORCHARD TREES

Usually Farmer or Fruit Grower Does Not Discern Trouble Until Too Late to Employ Ordinary and Practicable Methods of Eradication.



Infested twig to right; immature scales in center; full grown female scale above; infested pear fruit to left, showing reddish blotches.

(By FRANKLIN SHERMAN, JR., Entomologist, North Carolina Department of Agriculture.)

The San Jose scale does great harm to orchard trees which become infested, unless they be thoroughly and persistently treated. In order to combat it to the best advantage some knowledge of its life-history, habits, means of spread, etc., is necessary.

Trees that are badly infested with the San Jose scale appear as if they had been dusted over with ashes. If the branches and twigs where the insects are numerous be scraped with a knife it will be seen that this unnatural covering is quite easily removed, coming off in little flaky patches. Each of the little circular gray objects is a separate scale, each covering a tiny yellow insect underneath. On thickly infested branches they often become so crowded that the scales are piled over one another so that the real bark of the tree is not visible at all. Branches and twigs which are only slightly or moderately infested will not be thus completely covered over, and the bark may be of its ordinary color and appearance except here and there along the branches where the scattering scales are found. The largest full-grown scales are about the size of an average pinhead. They can, therefore, be detected by any person who has in the beginning an intelligent idea of the insect, has sharp eyes, and who happens to look in the right place.

Usually the farmer or fruit grower does not know that there is any serious trouble until the trees begin to die. By that time they are covered by the scales and present the ashy appearance. Then, if the owner finds that his trouble is San Jose scale, he is apt to think that it is only on those trees that present the unnatural appearance, when in reality it may already be on every tree in the orchard. Such a mistake often costs the lives of many trees, since the owner, instead of examining closely and treating every infested tree, as he should do, simply takes out those which are already in dying condition, and then, because he sees no more of similar appearance, he imagines he has exterminated it, when as a matter of fact other trees moderately or slightly infested still stand in the orchard and soon begin to die, having in the meantime spread the insect into whole orchards, and so on, until the whole orchard may be ruined.

Where the scales are not numerous enough to crowd one another each individual grows to somewhat larger size than when they are crowded.

### The San Jose Scale.

The full-grown female insects always remain under their circular scales and there give birth to their

living young, for this species does not lay eggs as is the case with most insects. The males, on the other hand, finally develop into tiny two-winged fly-like insects, but in consequence of their sex they can not play much part in spreading the insect, as young can only be born where females are present, and these, as we have stated, remain attached to the twigs.

The insect was not discovered in the eastern United States until August, 1893. At that time it was found in Charlottesville, Va. It was soon found that the infested trees were purchased from nurseries which had been introducing stock from California. Then fruitgrowers and entomologists began to inspect orchards especially for this pest, and in 1897, five years after its discovery in Virginia, it was known to exist in twenty states east of the Mississippi river.

One thorough spraying (or washing) each year with proper remedies, will keep the San Jose scale in good control. This is amply proven by the experience of hundreds of our fruitgrowers and farmers every year.

It is best to give the treatment in late winter, before the buds have opened (February or early March), but any time after the leaves are shed in fall and before the buds open in spring will do. Spraying with a regular spray pump is by far the best method. For this treatment the great majority of growers depend on lime-sulphur wash (either commercial or the home-made), or soluble oil (of which there are several brands).

Although the weight of opinion is in favor of late winter as the one best time to spray for scale, yet a few people prefer fall spraying, and some even spray both in fall and late winter, though we do not think this is necessary as a regular practice. Fall spraying is done after all fruit has been gathered, when the leaves have begun to drop, or soon after they have dropped. For fall spraying we believe there are special advantages in using the soluble oils, as they will penetrate more of the small crevices and reach a larger percentage of the small young scales which pass the winter. On the other hand the lime-sulphur solutions leave a coating on the branches so that when they are applied in late winter this coating acts as a considerable protection to the trees during spring and early summer. So, if one wants to come as near as possible to exterminating the scale, we believe that the best plan would be to use soluble oil in fall and lime-sulphur in late winter. But we want to emphasize the fact that the insects are so small that absolute extermination is impracticable (if not absolutely impossible), and even at the best we must expect, and plan, to treat infested trees once each year.

## SEEDS FOR SPRING CROPS SOWN IN FALL

Ground Should Be Deep and Mellow. With Moist Soil, Until Plants Are Rooted.

Seeds for the spring crops are sown in September, from the fifteenth to the twentieth, for the first sowing, and the first week in October for the late sowing, says the Baltimore American. Have the ground deep and mellow. Sow one quart of wood ashes and one pint of bone flour over each six-foot square bed and rake it in, then sow the seed and cover lightly with fine earth. Keep the soil moist until plants are well rooted. The seeds for the spring crops are sown in September, from the fifteenth to the twentieth, for the first sowing, and the first week in October for the late sowing, says the Baltimore American. Have the ground deep and mellow. Sow one quart of wood ashes and one pint of bone flour over each six-foot square bed and rake it in, then sow the seed and cover lightly with fine earth. Keep the soil moist until plants are well rooted. The seeds for the spring crops are sown in September, from the fifteenth to the twentieth, for the first sowing, and the first week in October for the late sowing, says the Baltimore American. Have the ground deep and mellow. Sow one quart of wood ashes and one pint of bone flour over each six-foot square bed and rake it in, then sow the seed and cover lightly with fine earth. Keep the soil moist until plants are well rooted.

When sown as late as the middle of August, it makes a fair growth before winter, it will stand tramping well; it is not difficult to get started; it is hardy and will withstand the possible drought of fall and cold of winter; it grows vigorously in the early spring; it adds a large amount of nitrogen to the soil; it will succeed on a variety of soils and especially on sandy soil.

or long, straw manure, spread quite thin over the rows the latter part of December will give all the protection required. In the western counties of the state the plants should be set in the cold frames about two inches apart each way and protected by glass and straw mats during severe weather. Plenty of air must be given even in cold weather to keep the plants tough. Cabbage and black-seeded lettuce should be sown this month for the late winter and early spring markets. Plant shallots for early spring greens this month; plant the bulbs in good soil in rows one foot apart, the bulbs being six inches apart. In flavor they are stronger than onions; they are largely used for eating green and flavoring soups.

### Training Colts.

Of two colts similar in disposition and sense, one may develop into a steady and valuable family horse, while the other may be everything that is vicious, treacherous and unsafe—all because of the difference in the men handling them.

### Navel Disease.

Many colts die of navel disease contracted at foaling time. Tie the cord tightly with silk string and cut away the portion below the tie. Wet the rest for a few days with disinfectant.

## CANNOT RELY ON JOHN

WIFE FINDS "STRONG RIGHT ARM" THEORY WRONG.

She Thought He Would Rid Her Path of All Annoyances, Great and Small, but She Knows Better Now.

When I married my John, I firmly expected to lean upon his strong right arm, having always heard that that was what a strong right arm was for. And I firmly expected him to rid my path of the small annoyances of life, as well as be a haven of refuge in the vaster perplexities. In a word, I expected him to combine the roles of solicitous lover and provident husband. I say I expected this, says a writer in the New York Evening Post.

John and I were married in the autumn. When our honeymoon was over we moved into an apartment. Our landlady had an apartment under us. As she would not give us enough heat, I went to my John about it. John, of course, would see that I had enough heat. But did I really need more heat? The house seemed comfortable to him. (He was out of it all day.) He sort of hated to get into an argument with a lady. We liked the apartment, didn't we, and if we insisted upon more heat, it might strain our relations with the landlady, which would be unpleasant, as we were living in the same house, wouldn't it?

After surviving several bad colds, I gave John a long, sneaking look, took the matter into my own hands, made the landlady give us a written release, and moved out of the apartment.

At first when I went out with John to mingle with our best restaurant classes I sat back like a fat little parasite, lazily enjoying having a man look after me, even to ordering my food. But John always confused the order. I got lobster Newburg when I wanted lobster salad. John never noticed which waiter was serving us—John never could catch the head waiter's eye—we were always having to wait for salt or for bread while the dinner cooled. As ordering meals was in my daily housekeeping routine, I soon took over the ordering and John sat back like the fat little parasite.

Upon another occasion when I tried to lean on John's strong right arm we barely escaped arrest. We were on a Pullman car with an impertinent porter. I mentioned his impertinence to John, expecting John to issue a reprimand. But John knocked the porter down. There was a dreadful commotion. Ladies screamed and the conductor came rushing up. John wanted to knock the conductor down. The conductor objected and threatened to have us arrested at the next station. After some pleading and arguing I calmed John, pacified the conductor, tipped the porter and secured peace.

When we bought our home we decided to have some of the trees cut down. I showed the tree chopper the trees that were to be sacrificed, but he sent his son to do the job before we had moved out, and the son lost his instructions and cut down every tree in the front yard. In tears I went to my John, but John said: "Now, dearie, you are the mistress of this house. I don't want to butt in."

Gradually my own right arm has grown a little stronger. I don't regret it. I don't even consider that it would be fair to John to do too much home leaning on his strong right arm. He has a good deal to worry him downtown. All that I regret or consider is that, possibly, a good deal of waste went into the forming of my romantic illusions.

### He Made an Enemy.

Governor Eberhart of Minnesota, during an address told the following story of his own experience:

"Once while traveling through my state I was noticing in particular the great amount of waste that was going on about me. During the afternoon I went into the dining car, which was crowded, so I sat down near one end of the car, opposite a fleshy lady, who, I thought, weighed at least 250 pounds.

"As I looked past the lady through the car window, not noticing her particularly, I was impressed by the vast amount of farm machinery that was unsheltered and exposed to the weather, and could not help but remark: 'What a waste!'

"The lady opposite me faced me squarely and said: 'Mister, you just mind your own business.'—Philadelphia Star.

### Habit to Be Avoided.

The habit of ridiculing everything and everybody is one that every woman should avoid. We always find in others what we look for. It is such a mistake to cultivate the habit of looking for the grotesque or the ridiculous. It makes one's face on such hard, unpleasant, cynical lines. There are those persons to whom one dreads to introduce one's friends, for one is sure these friends will come under the merciless and scorching light of ridicule. The worst of it is, these unfair, self-appointed critics are usually more open to ridicule themselves than their victims.

### Neutrality.

"What do you think of the Shakespear-Bacon controversy?" "Haven't heard of it and don't care anything about it," replied Mr. Hiram Wright, the local boss. "Neither one of 'em has any pull in my yard."—Washington Star.

## THE DAIRY INDUSTRY EPITOMIZED.

The National Dairy Show, having arranged for a permanent home in which to forward the Dairy Industry in all of its branches, and recognizing the cow as the foundation of all things Dairy, is undertaking to build an annual Exposition that will not alone prove to be a school for the farmer, but an advocate of the highest type for the more general and varied use of the products of the Dairy. To do this successfully we must first have the attention and interest of the farmer and dairyman; next the support of the many interests allied with and collateral branches of the industry.

With this thought in mind, the management of the National Dairy Show desires to report progress made for the 1912 show to be held in Chicago, October 24 to November 2. We have assurances from the best breeders of the different breeds of cattle that they will be with us, and for purposes of competition we have arranged a very complete classification, and by obtaining the very strongest talent for judges, who will be selected with the sole purpose in view of making a ribbon at this great National Show an article of supreme value, settling the question of show yard supremacy each year after the herds have done battle in the fairs and shows in their respective territories. We will make this show yard the mart for highest type of selection and the place from where all matters of breeding and feeding will be demonstrated as a guide to the old-timer and new beginner. Here is what we will have for you: Judges of National and International repute to pass upon the cattle; a Government exhibit in charge of experts that will display breeds with record of test performance, the kind to own and the kind not to own; the test of feeds for results; the proper and improper methods of handling the products and marketing of same; civic sanitary and hygienic requirements will be illustrated and explained by experts of National prominence. We have prepared a splendid premium list for Dairy Products which will bring out a strong lot of contestants with milk and cream exhibits for honors; butter and cheese makers will enter their products for supremacy and everything that can be developed for the benefit of the visitors in direct connection with the cow will be shown.

The Borden Milk people, at an enormous expense, will give daily demonstrations of the pasteurizing, cooling, bottling and distributing of milk. They will erect in the show a plant equal in size to that used in a city branch. This must be helpful in allaying all agitation of the pure milk question for the city consumption. The Blue Valley Creamery will erect a plant in the show capable of making a ton of butter each day, showing the pasteurizing process and the cleanly, sanitary methods of a creamery. The Consumers Company will manufacture ice cream in a glass machine in full view of the visitors, showing the thoroughly healthful and sanitary manufacture of this now extensively used condiment. Demonstrators from domestic science schools and colleges will give exhibitions and distribute recipes covering the more general use of milk as a food. The Universal Cement Company will erect an educational exhibit of large proportions, so that methods of preparation and care of ensilage, as well as the construction of silos, may be thoroughly discussed and understood. There will be exhibits from the many machinery houses, who will actively display and explain every new and modern device to their better understanding, and, in fact, the ten-day period of the show will have crowded into it more of real value for the dairy industry than any other show ever before held for such a purpose. The man engaged in producing dairy products and the consumer will get immeasurable benefit by an attendance upon this entire detail working of all that pertains to dairying under one roof.

Some girls are given away in marriage, and some throw themselves away.

### A CURE FOR PILES.

Cole's Carbolic Acid stops itching and pain and cures piles. All druggists. 25 and 50c.

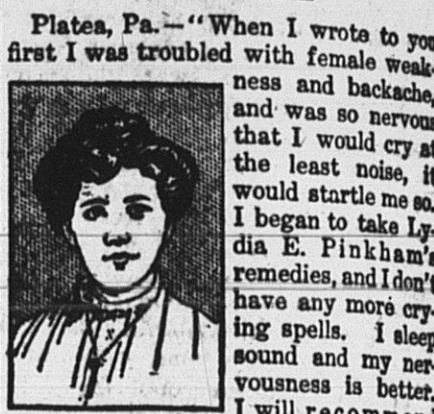
I cannot afford to give up the sure ground of a principle.—Plato.

Red Cross Ball Blue, all blue, best bluing value in the whole world. Makes the laundry smile.

Better a pavement made of good intentions than no pavement at all.

## NERVOUS DESPONDENT WOMEN

Find Relief in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—Their Own Statements So Testify.



Plates, Pa.—"When I wrote to you first I was troubled with female weakness and backache, and was so nervous that I would cry at the least noise, it would startle me so. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies, and I don't have any more crying spells. I sleep sound and my nervousness is better. I will recommend your medicines to all suffering women."

—Mrs. MARY HALSTEAD, Plates, Pa., Box 98.

Here is the report of another genuine case, which still further shows that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound may be relied upon.

Walcott, N. Dakota.—"I had inflammation which caused pain in my side, and my back ached all the time. I was so blue that I felt like crying if anyone even spoke to me. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I began to gain right away. I continued its use and now I am a well woman."

—Mrs. AMELIA DAHL, Walcott, N. Dakota.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

June 6, 1912.  
"I was troubled with dandruff, which caused much itching and caused my hair to fall out. I tried many things, but nothing helped. I bought a bottle of Resinol Ointment, and rubbed it on my scalp, washing the hair with Resinol Soap. In about a week I was entirely cured." (Signed) FRED POLITO.

## Resinol cured his dandruff

And if you, too, are suffering from this annoying trouble, so often accompanied by itching scalp and loss of hair, ten to one it will do as much for you.

Sold by almost all druggists (Soap Res. Ointment 50c), or by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price. Resinol Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

## Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

FINEST QUALITY—LARGEST VARIETY. They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.



GILT EDGE, the only ladies' shoe dressing that positively contains GILT. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's shoes and shoes shined without rubbing. See "French Gloss." In 5¢ and 10¢ bottles. For cleaning and polishing all kinds of rubber or leather shoes, see "Dandy" shoe polish. It is the combination for gentlemen who take pride in having their shoes look like new. Restores color and luster to all black shoes. Polish with a brush or cloth. 10¢ and 25¢ bottles. Also 5¢ and 10¢ tins. If your dealer does not keep the kind you want send in the price in stamps for a full size package charges paid.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO., 20-22 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass. The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

Pettitt's Eye Salve QUICK RELIEF SORE EYES

You spend two-thirds of your life in shoes. Why not have them comfortable, pleasing in appearance and serviceable?

## ROUGE REX Elkskin Shoes

Are made of the best leather by skilled workmen over modern, up-to-date lasts, insuring durability, comfort and satisfaction.

"Get Into a Pair and See How They Wear"

The quality, style and fit of "ROUGE REX" Elkskin Shoes make them the most popular summer footwear, for the man who works.

Ask your dealer for "ROUGE REX SHOES," made from Wolverine Leather well put together.

HIRTH-KRAUSE CO. MICHIGAN

Made to Fit Turners and Shoe Manufacturers GRAND RAPIDS



## COLUMBUS IN STATUARY

CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS was a Latin, whether he be considered as a native of Italy, where undoubtedly he spent his early boyhood, or serving under the flag of Portugal, where his maturing manhood years prepared him for the comparable triumphs he secured for the home of his final adoption, Spain. Latin America, too, was the area over which his discoveries were extended, for it is a fact that he had no knowledge of the existence of the vast continent to the north of the Caribbean sea and the West India Islands. He had been to England and at one time in despair had applied to the court of England to help him in his great ambition, but his experience and his fame were Latin.

Perhaps on this account the name of Columbus is incorporated more prominently in the nomenclature of Latin America than in that of Anglo-Saxon America. The Republic of Colombia bears witness to the honor with which he was held from the beginnings of independence in the western world. Today the one-time insignificant little port in Panama, Colon, at the northern entrance to the canal, indicates another attempt to perpetuate the name of Columbus in a geographical way. Other countries have districts or rivers, public parks and theaters, with the name of Colon, and it would seem to be in Spanish, as its equivalent, Colombo, in Portuguese, a mark of affection as well as of honor for the discoverer of America.

The United States has given his name to the District of Columbia as soon as the founders of this Republic could consider designations apart from those inherited from provincial days. As the country grew in area, towns were named Columbus, and the designation of the federal district, which was to be the seat of government, shows that the discoverer was not forgotten, on the continent that once might have been his. Perhaps, however, the greatest compliment to the memory of Columbus is that implied in the poetical appellation "Columbia," the allegorical name given to the United States.

There can be no denying the fact that the recognition of the great achievement of the admiral has been tardy. It is well known, however, that often the delayed judgment of history alone awards to great men the honor they deserved. We are all so familiar with the story of Columbus, as it has been handed down to

cated on November 9, 1862, although the foundation had been laid as far back as 1846. The inscription it bears is: "To Christopher Columbus, the Fatherland." Spain, which country failed the Genoese during his lifetime, has been more generous to his memory, and here are many shafts raised to record the greatness of his deed.

Perhaps the noblest monument yet erected to the memory of Columbus is that which stands in Barcelona. It was in this city that King Ferdinand and his consort, Isabella, received the admiral on the return from his first voyage. It is most appropriate situation. Much care was taken in the selection of the design of the Barcelona monument, and the result is artistic in every sense of the word.

In the new world nearly every country has testified in recognition of the deed of Columbus by the erection of some character of monument. From the magnificent effigy which graces the center of Columbus circle in New York to the simple shaft

the first discoverer. It is said to be the original monument erected on this continent to commemorate the achievement of Columbus.

It is unfortunate that there is no contemporaneous painting or likeness of Columbus extant. For this reason artists who have attempted to reproduce his lineaments in marble have been at a great disadvantage.

As a matter of fact the accepted likeness of the admiral is after the manner of being an idealistic conception. All are familiar with the strong, clean-shaven face from which deep, expressive eyes look out under a broad brow. The deep lines from the nose to the corners of the mouth are also characteristic of the popular portraits of Columbus. Who would recognize the discoverer depicted with a gray beard? Yet it is more than probable that he wore one when he planted the banner of Spain on the shores of the New World.

The few descriptions of the personal appearance of the admiral which we have from those who knew him well tell us "he was a man of sturdy stature, rather above the average height, of a very ruddy complexion, with freckles and red hair when he was young. The latter soon turned white, which was also the color of his beard." Beards were the fashion of his day in Spain, and it is easy to

clean shaven in effigy. So it is with the new Columbus statue unveiled in Washington on June 8. This marks the first great memorial which the United States government has erected to Christopher Columbus.

There has long been a feeling that this country has not had a really worthy monument to the man who is primarily responsible for the existence of the nation.

The feeling took concrete shape when, in 1906, Representative James A. Goulden of New York introduced a bill appropriating the sum of \$100,000 to be used for a Columbus memorial. Congress passed the bill and it was signed in 1907 by President Roosevelt.

The design is a combination of fountain, shaft and statue.

The fountain is semi-circular, 70 feet wide and 65 feet from front to rear. The balustrade which half encircles it bears the effigy of a heroic lion at either extremity. The shaft is a statue of Columbus.

The globe which surmounts the shaft indicates the contribution the discoverer of Columbus was to the science of geography. This globe is supported by four massive eagles



which marks the spot of the supposed first landing on Watlings Island. We find a great number of statues erected in honor of the discoverer. Even the English have done honor to the navigator at Nassau in the Bahamas Islands and at Trinidad; and the people of Santo Domingo have also raised splendid monuments; while in Cuba, where, in the ments; while in Havana, the bones of Columbus were so long interred, there are a great many representations of this historic figure. The statue which is now placed in the statue of this historic figure. The statue which is now placed in the statue of this historic figure. The statue which is now placed in the statue of this historic figure.

believe that sailors wore them for protection. The representations which we see today of Columbus can nearly all be traced back to an engraving called the Paulus Jovius cut, which was made from a painting that has been lost. Even the lost painting was not an original likeness, for it was painted on what the lawyers would call "hearsay evidence." But as it was executed some time in the early years of the sixteenth century the features may be taken as fairly correct.

In this cut Columbus is drawn without a beard, thus he is always

with outstretched wings. Upon it, in high relief, are cut the topographical features of the new world. At either side of the shaft there appear figures portraying the sculptor's conception of representative types of the new and old world. The figure of an American Indian, energetic in pose, one hand reaching over his shoulder and grasping an arrow from a quiver, represents the new world, while the statue of a patriarchal Caucasian of heroic proportions and thoughtful mien, typifies the old world.

On the base at the rear of the shaft is placed a medallion representing Ferdinand and Isabella of Spain.

## Original "Old Oaken Bucket"

Was Stolen Shortly After the Well Known Poem of Samuel Woodworth Became Famous.

Not far from Boston is located the well which inspired the familiar lines of Samuel Woodworth to the "Old Oaken Bucket." Every time the place is visited many new traditions are told concerning the famous old bucket, about which people have been singing these many years. Having drunk deep of the sparkling waters, between whistled snatches of the familiar refrain, how disconcerting it was to have the charm broken by learning that the original "Old Oaken Bucket" was stolen shortly after his well-known poem became famous.

The youngest daughter of Samuel Woodworth, the author, died recently in Berkeley, Cal., and she often used to tell about the real old oaken bucket, and of the sadness which came

over the household on the day it was stolen. It seemed as if one of the family were missing. In this age of souvenir collection, who knows but that some day the real old "mosaic-covered bucket that hung in the well" may turn up in a museum or serve as a water tank in the show windows of some enterprising advertiser? There is no other water bucket in the world so enshrined in homely, genuine romance as this one. Even the golden goblets of royalty, and the treasured chalices of the Crusaders have never awakened the universal and popular interest attained by the "old oaken bucket that hung in the well," until it was stolen and carried away in the senility of its fame. "Affairs at Washington," Joe Mitchell Chaplin, in National Magazine.

Riches have wings, especially if those who have them lack common sense.

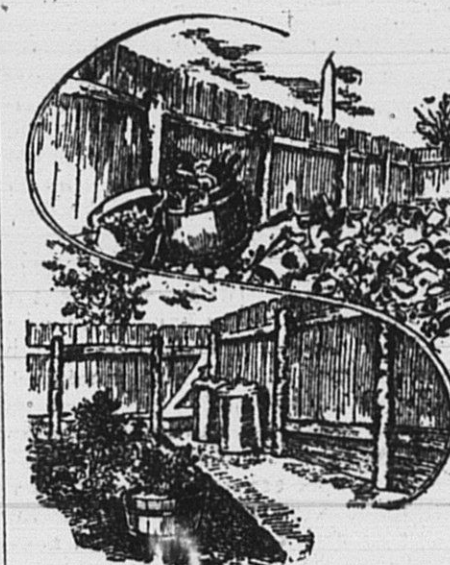
## HOME TOWN HELPS

## HAS WORTH IN EVERY LINE

Clever Idea in Civic Alphabet That is Being Sent to Every Housekeeper in Atlanta.

- A—Aim to make Arbor day annual "clean-up" day.
- B—Banish the tin can district from your city.
- C—Clean up the backyards and alleys.
- D—Destroy the rubbish by burning.
- E—Educate housewives to demand clean markets.
- F—Fine every club member who does not work.
- G—Give free lectures upon civic improvement.
- H—Have campaigns against unsightly billboards.
- I—Interest city authorities in "clean-up" day.
- J—Join all forces for the anti-dirt crusade.
- K—Kill sidewalk spitting or it will kill you.
- L—Let your slogan be: "Do it for home, sweet home."
- M—Make requests of preachers for "clean-up" sermons.
- N—Next to godliness is cleanliness.
- O—Organize the children into civic leagues.
- P—Plant trees, and then plant trees, and plant more trees.
- Q—Question authorities about city expenditures.
- R—Remember to plan parks and playgrounds now.
- S—Study city ordinances and work for their enforcement.
- T—Try to make the school buildings social centers.
- U—Use every effort to arouse citizens.
- V—Vanquish the opposition with good nature.
- W—Wage increasing war upon all weeds, flies and mosquitoes.
- X—Xact obedience to the city sanitary laws.
- Y—Your city is YOU; never forget that.
- Z—Zeal, courage and patience will "clean up" the city.—Atlanta Constitution.

## WHAT MAY BE DONE.



The Washington Star publishes the above picture of "Before and After," showing the possibilities of a clean-up day in the backyard of a city.

## Era of City-Planning.

Seventy American cities are now spending \$100,000,000 to beautify themselves and 50 more will join in the movement within a year. This striking fact was brought out in Boston at the fourth national conference on city planning. In this new movement the cities of the United States are following a path where Europe has shown the way. Nearly half of the population of the United States is now urban. More than one-fifth is in towns or cities of more than 2,500 and less than 100,000 inhabitants. These are the very places that have the best opportunity for intelligent city planning. The time for it is while the town is small and while land is cheap. Mere multiplication of parks does not carry out the idea. The whole city should be treated as a park or landscape garden and its public buildings should form a civic center on a definite architectural basis. The only effective machinery for the creation of a city beautiful is a permanent city-planning commission with power to condemn property. Harmonious development of the growing city, with every street, tree, building and spot of ground treated as a detail in a harmonious ensemble, is not only art but business. Civic beauty is an immense municipal asset.

## Beautiful Parisian Streets.

In the streets and boulevards of Paris, even in the business section, are trees and flowers and gardens. These have contributed largely to making Paris one of the beautiful and distinctive cities of the world. No where else in the world, perhaps, is the beautiful and the utilitarian combined to the same extent.

## Women and Love.

Women for the most part do not love us. They do not choose a man because they love him, but because it pleases them to be loved by him. They love love of all things in the world, but there are very few men whom they love personally.—Alphonse Carr.



## A Picture of Contentment

All men look pleased when they smoke this choice tobacco—for all men like the rich quality and true, natural flavor of

Liggett & Myers

## Duke's Mixture

Smoked in pipes by thousands of men—everywhere known to cigarette smokers as "the makings."

We take unusual pride in Liggett & Myers Duke's Mixture. It is our leading brand of granulated tobacco—and every sack we make is a challenge to all other tobacco manufacturers. Every 5c sack of this famous tobacco contains one and a half ounces of choice granulated tobacco, in every way equal to the best you can buy at any price, and with each sack you get a book of cigarette papers FREE.

If you have not smoked the Duke's Mixture made by the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co. at Durham, N. C., try it now.

## Get a Camera with the Coupons

Save the coupons. With them you can get all sorts of valuable presents—articles suitable for young and old; men, women, boys and girls. You'll be delighted to see what you can get free without one cent of cost to you. Get our new illustrated catalog. As a special offer, we will send it free during September and October only. Your name and address on a postal will bring it to you.



Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be secured with tags from HORSE SHOE, J. Y. TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRAN-GER TWIST, coupons from FOUR ROSES (10c tin double coupon), PICK-PLUG CUT, FREDMONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, and other tags or coupons issued by us.

Premium Dept.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.  
ST. LOUIS, MO.

## HENKEL'S

I Certainly Do Recommend

Bread Flour for it makes delicious bread and lots of it. Velvet Pastry Flour for cakes and pastry. Good every day.

## FLOUR

## W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

\$3.00 \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50 AND \$5.00

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Boys all wear W. L. Douglas \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 School Shoes. Best in the world

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world because they look better, fit better, and wear longer than ordinary shoes.

CAUTION.—When you buy shoes be sure W. L. Douglas name is stamped on the bottom. It guarantees protection to you against inferior shoes. Beware of substitutes. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in 78 own stores in large cities and retail shoe dealers everywhere. Fast Color Eyelets. Write for Catalog. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.



## No Suffering Yet!

The unnatural suffering of so many women at times can be relieved by a little care and proper help. Beecham's Pills give just the assistance needed. They act gently but surely; they correct faults of the system so certainly that you will find better conditions prevail

## Amongst Women Who Take

this renowned and effective remedy. Beecham's Pills will help your digestion, regulate your bowels, stimulate your liver. Headaches, backaches, lassitude and nervous depression will trouble you less and less after you take at times—whenever there is need—

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

Women wishing to retain their youthful looks and to feel at their best should be sure to read the special directions with every box. Sold everywhere. In boxes 10c., 25c.

## DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA

Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. Write for FREE SAMPLE NORTHROP & LYMAN CO., INC., BUFFALO, N.Y.

## READERS

of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 10-1912



## A. I. STEGER,

Dentist.

Office, Kempt Bank Block. Chelsea, Michigan.  
Phone 22-21. Residence, 22-27.

## S. T. McNAMARA

Dentist

Office over L. T. Freeman Co.'s drug store.  
Phone 35-33.

## HARLIE J. FULFORD, D. O.

Osteopathic Physician.

Graduate of Kirksville, Mo. Office over Vogel's  
drug store. Entrance from west Middle street.  
Chelsea. Phone 246.

## BYRON DEBENDORF,

Homeopathic Physician.

Forty-seven years experience. Special at  
tention given to chronic diseases; treatment of  
children, and fitting of glasses. Residence and  
office northwest corner of Middle and East  
streets. Phone 61-12.

## S. G. BUSH

Physician and Surgeon.

Offices in the Freeman-Cummings block. Chelsea,  
Michigan.

## DR. J. T. WOODS,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office in the Staffan-Market block. Residence  
on Condon street. Chelsea, Michigan. Tele-  
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## H. E. DEFENDORF,

Veterinarian

Office, second floor Hatch & Durand block.  
Phone No. 61. Night or day.

## L. A. MAZE,

Veterinarian.

Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College.  
Office at Chas. Martin's Livery Barn. Phone  
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## B. B. TURNBULL,

Attorney at Law.

Office, Freeman block. Chelsea, Michigan.

## JAMES S. GORMAN,

Attorney at Law.

Office, Middle street east. Chelsea, Michigan.

## H. D. WITHERELL,

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Offices, Freeman block, Chelsea, Michigan.

## S. A. MAPES,

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

Fine Funeral Furnishings. Calls answered  
promptly night or day. Chelsea, Michigan.  
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## GEORGE W. BECKWITH,

Real Estate Dealers.

Money to Loan. Life and Fire Insurance.  
Office in Hatch-Durand block. Chelsea, Michi-  
gan.

## STIVERS &amp; KALMBACH,

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General law practice in all courts. Notary  
Public in the office. Office in Hatch-Durand  
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## CHAS. STEINBACH

Harness and Horse Goods

Repairing of all kinds a specialty. Also dealer  
in Musical Instruments of all kinds and Sheet  
Music. Steinbach Block, Chelsea.

## E. W. DANIELS,

General Auctioneer.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. For information call  
at The Standard office, or address Gregory, Michi-  
gan, r.f.d. 3, Phone connections. Auction bills  
and tin cups furnished free.

Readers of the Chelsea Standard are advised that the Detroit Business University, the oldest and most influential business training school in the state, is located in new fireproof premises at 65 West Grand River Avenue, Detroit, and under new management is doing better work than ever in training young men and women for good salaries positions. The catalogue is mailed free on request.

E. R. SHAW, President.

## SHOE REPAIRING

Quickly and Neatly Done.  
Work Guaranteed Satis-  
factory. Prices Reasonable

CHAS. SCHMIDT

## DETROIT UNITED LINES

Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti  
and Detroit.

LIMITED CARS.  
For Detroit 7:40 a. m. and every two hours  
to 7:40 p. m.  
For Kalamazoo 6:07 a. m. and every two hours  
to 6:07 p. m. For Lansing 9:07 p. m.

LOCAL CARS.  
East bound—6:00 a. m. and every two hours to  
10:00 p. m. To Ypsilanti only, 11:35 p. m.  
West bound—6:04 and 7:49 a. m. and every two  
hours to 11:40 p. m.  
Cars connect at Ypsilanti for Saline and at  
Warren for Plymouth and Northville.

## G. F. KOCH

Successor to A. G. Faist

General Repair Work a  
Specialty. Wagons and Bug-  
gies Made to Order. Neck-  
yokes, Eveners and Whiffle-  
trees Always on Hand. Prices  
Reasonable. Phone No. 90.

West Middle St. Chelsea, Mich.

Try the Standard "Want" Advs.

## BREVITIES

PINKNEY—Of the forty people who took the teachers' examination at Howell recently all but four passed and received teachers' certificates. It is said there will be a scarcity of teachers this fall.—Dispatch.

ANN ARBOR—A. Hall, 21, of Milan was arrested by Officer Burnett for drunkenness Friday night. Hall had fallen under a D. U. R. car in attempting to board it at Wayne and the big toe of his right foot was crushed. The jail physician, bandaged the injury.

MANCHESTER—Work on the stand pipe was held up a few days because they found that the foundation was not properly leveled up when put in and if they continued with the steel work the stand pipe when completed would resemble the leaning tower of Pisa.—Enterprise.

BRIDGEWATER—Charles Green, whose conduct in disposing of his property to his wife, and who is alleged, was deserted by her, has since been a public charity, but the Clinton masonic lodge, of which he was a member took the matter up and has sent him to the masonic home at Alma.

NORTHVILLE—"How to get good roads in Oakland county" will be one of the subjects for discussion at the annual meeting of the Michigan Good Roads association which is to be held at Kalamazoo, September 18 and 19. Philip T. Colgrove of Hastings, president of the association, who was in Detroit last Thursday stated an energetic campaign is about to be waged in this county by the association. Monroe, Washtenaw, Lenawee, Livingston, Ingham and Hillsdale are also to receive special attention.—Record.

MILAN—The business men of Milan have decided to have a day of celebration, a gala day or a harvest festival for one day, it will make no particular difference what name is given the occasion, but it will be a day of general enjoyment, meeting and visiting with friends, amusements and attractions will be provided so all can be kept busy and interested. Arrangements have not all been made as yet but the funds are practically all raised. Some of the attractions have been contracted and everybody can be assured of a good time by coming to Milan Wednesday, September 11th.—Leader.

MILAN—One afternoon last week, during a thunder storm, a farmer of Frenchtown was sitting on his porch watching the progress of the weather pranks, when he noticed a Pere Marquette passenger train going north. The train was going at a good rate of speed, and the farmer did not observe anything unusual about it till a bolt of lightning came straight from the clouds, and struck one of the coaches squarely on the roof. He said that the fire splashed and the sparks flew like arrows from the top of that coach. The metal roof and sides of the car served as a conductor, and no damage resulted to the train.—Leader.

ANN ARBOR—The state railroad commission last Thursday night authorized the merger of the Washtenaw Home Telephone company with the Michigan State company, thus removing the last obstacle in the way of unified service in this city. This is the second big merger allowed by the commission during the past few weeks, the first having been the sale of the Home Telephone company of Detroit. According to the statement of the commission the amount to be paid by the Bell for the Home property is \$112,500, just half of the capital originally invested by the Home people in 1903. The Home company has never paid a dividend, has defaulted on its bonds and is now in arrears to the state for taxes to the amount of nearly \$4,000.

SALINE—Last Thursday evening at the home of Rev. C. A. Lederer of the Trinity Evangelical Lutheran church was held the ministerial conference of the Michigan district of the Evangelical Lutheran synod of Wisconsin. As it was the fortieth anniversary of Dr. Lederer's pastorate in Saline, and of his ordination as minister of the gospel, his congregation fellowpastors and teachers celebrated the occasion. Mr. Lederer was kept in ignorance of all proceeding until time for the evening services when he was escorted by the deacons into the house of worship and asked to occupy a chair placed before the altar in the presence of his congregation. He was then informed of the intention of the congregation to celebrate this anniversary. The service was opened by a prelude, played by Mr. Lederer's eldest son, Adolf, of Wilwaukee. The choir of the Scio Lutheran church sang a very appropriate hymn, "Praise the Lord, O My Soul," by the audience, Rev. Dr. Thrun of the Scio church then delivered a fine sermon. The churches of Freedom, Scio and Ann Arbor were well represented.

## Crop Improvement

Mix brains with sweat and your acres will produce more.

## A LARGER YIELD OF BETTER RYE

(By Prof. L. C. Burnett.)  
[National Crop Improvement Service.]  
It would seem advisable to first consider just what purpose we are endeavoring to raise rye.

Rye is now being used largely for feeding as well as distilling purposes. For the farmer who feeds his crop, the yield per acre is of first importance. If on the other hand the crop is to be sold, attention to a few usually neglected items will make several dollars difference in the value of every acre.

What is desired of the rye crop? The interest of everybody concerned in the rye crop is in the production of a high yield of uniform grain. Let me repeat, "high yield and uniform grain," more bushels of one type of kernel, one size of kernel, one color of grain.

How to Start a Rye Center.  
Any man interested in obtaining the best results in rye should circulate the following agreement and get a hundred or more signers.

Whereas, The rye of the United States having become badly mixed, and whereas, The wide variation in the price of rye is largely due to this mixture, We, the undersigned, of..... County, hereby agree to co-operate with the agricultural department of our state college, The Crop Improvement Committee and with each other, in growing and disseminating pure bred seed grains.

To attend a called meeting of all the signers hereto, and to agree one with the other to sow the number of acres set opposite to our names for the season of 1912, of the kind, type and variety of rye best adapted to the soil and climate of this county.

To keep this grain pure and unmixed, and when harvested to demand a graded price at the elevator, according to the quality of the grain when delivered. That we will apply to the agronomy department of our state college, for information as to where the best available seed may be obtained.

That we will do everything in our power to induce every farmer to raise the same variety so that eventually all the rye shipped from this station will be uniform and free from mixture.

NAMES. P. O. ACRES.

Are you sufficiently interested in the rye situation in your own vicinity to obtain signers to this agreement? For further information address Crop Improvement Committee, Chicago, Illinois.

## COST OF POWER.

A Wide Difference in the Cost of Horses and Mechanical Power on the Farm.

By Raymond Olney, M. Rumley Co., LaPorte, Ind.

[National Crop Improvement Service.]  
The first cost of a tractor as compared to that of horses necessary to supply an equal amount of power must always be considered in the growing of crops. An engine which will do the work of 15 good horses sells for \$1,700. Fifteen horses at \$150 each (which is a low price) would cost \$2,250. In this case the advantage of the tractor is that it can be worked to the limit of its capacity, and not be materially injured in so doing, which is not possible with horses.

According to Government figures, in southeastern Minnesota, taken some time ago, the cost of feeding a horse for one year is \$73.89, and for 15 horses it would be, in round numbers, \$1,100.00. These horses average 948 work hours per year. A 15 H. P. tractor working for 1,000 hours will burn about 3,000 gallons of kerosene, which will cost about 6 cents per gallon. This gives a fuel bill of \$180.00. Oil, grease and minor items would not exceed \$100.00. This shows a large balance on the tractor side.

RYE IN THE POTATO ROTATION.

Rye Better Than Wheat in Potato Rotation—No More Car Than Wheat or Barley.

By F. H. Demaree, Agronomist, J. I. Case Plow Works.

[National Crop Improvement Service.]  
There is a decided tendency among potato growers to substitute rye in the potato rotation in the place of wheat. The original Terry rotation was wheat, clover and potatoes. This rotation is theoretically and practically correct for potato growers and is widely used throughout the whole country. Since wheat is more uncertain than rye, however, many growers are using the last named crop as they cannot afford to lose one crop out of three, especially since that crop is the one that nurses up the young clover.

Many uses can be made of the rye crop. Statistics show that the yield of grain in the United States has been somewhat higher per acre than wheat and practically of the same farm value. It is no more trouble to care for than bearded wheat or barley. The crop can be pastured early and is especially good for brood sows. The grain may also be allowed to ripen and then be hogged down instead of cut and threshed. For the potato grower, however, perhaps the best method would be to cut and thresh the crop.

## RYE AS FOOD.

[National Crop Improvement Service.]  
Stature in European and American peoples no doubt is the result of consumption of the two balanced grains, wheat and rye.

Rye is even superior to wheat in this respect, and the diet specialists of the world are urging its greater consumption as the grain of highest value for a human food.

## ONE MILLION DOLLARS

This Amount Placed at the Disposal of the Crop Improvement Committee of the Council of Grain Exchanges for Agricultural Development—\$1,000,000 for Each County—Testative Plan Under Which Fund is to be Distributed.

[National Crop Improvement Service.]  
The Crop Improvement Committee has been authorized to distribute \$1,000,000 for crop improvement. One thousand dollars of this fund is due to 1,000 counties under an elastic plan which requires—

First. That the county desiring to become available to receive the benefits of this fund shall first establish a County Farm Bureau and raise a local fund sufficient to employ a trained county agriculturist for a period of not less than two years.

County Agriculturist.  
Second. That the county agriculturist shall be selected by the county organization subject to the approval of the Dean of the State Agricultural College in the state where he is to operate, and shall maintain an office in the county at a point best suited to the requirements of his work.

Third. That his duties shall consist in general as adviser to any farmer in the county requiring his services; to organize farmer's clubs; to conduct corn clubs and other agricultural contests; to arrange for exhibits of agricultural products; to give practical demonstration and instruction in crop rotation, soil building, farm management, and horticultural work in various parts of the county under ordinary conditions; to co-operate with the superintendent of county and city schools in teaching the rudiments of agriculture, etc., etc.

## CARE OF RYE.

After Sowing Crop Needs Little Care Until Time of Harvest.

By Raymond Olney, M. Rumley Co.

[National Crop Improvement Service.]  
After sowing, the rye crop will need but little care until harvest time. If the crop has been sown early, for pasture during the fall and is to be left for a grain crop, it should not be allowed to make fall growth enough to form heads. Close pasturing will prevent such a tendency.

On land that is likely to be dry, it is good practice to go over the land in the spring with a light slant-tooth harrow, breaking the crust of the soil and forming a light dust mulch. No other crop serves better as a nurse crop than rye and grass seed sown in the spring and covered with a harrow, and protected against evaporation by the dust mulch it is almost sure to make the stand the following season.

## HARVESTING RYE.

Andrew Boss, Minn. Station.

[National Crop Improvement Service.]  
Rye is handled with a self-blinder, in the same fashion as other grains, and shocked in good-sized round shocks. To secure the best quality of grain and straw, the shocks should be capped, although this practice is not always followed.

The rye straw sold for collar stuffing purposes in Minnesota is prepared by flailing out the grain. Where special markets for straight rye straw are being catered to special threshing machines have been devised, which keep the straw straight during threshing without breaking it badly.

Where the straw is used for bedding, the crop is threshed in the same way as other cereal crops.

## TEST RYE SEED.

By Thomas Cooper.

[National Crop Improvement Service.]  
Seed rye should be tested for viability the same as any other grain before planting. Obtain the best seed from the crop grown on your own farm or in your vicinity. Select the best and heaviest kernels by the use of a grader and be sure it is clean from seeds of weeds.

The germination test is made by placing 100 kernels on damp white blotting paper first placed in a shallow pie pan. Cover over with another pan and set aside for five or six days. Rye should test at least 95%.

## FIVE YEAR ROTATION.

[National Crop Improvement Service.]  
The following rotation will be found quite satisfactory in many cases where quick grass or clover are bad: 1st Year—Rye, land plowed medium deep, using jointer to turn under weeds. Discarded frequently until October 15th; replowed deeply before freezing.

2nd Year—Barley, seeded to clover. 3d Year—Clover, plow under second crop August 1st, cultivate frequently. 4th Year—Corn, thoroughly cultivated, hand hoed if necessary. 5th Year—Barley or other grain.

## TIME TO SOW RYE.

[National Crop Improvement Service.]  
Rye may be sown at any time, from August 20th to October 1st, depending on the location and the purpose for which it is to be used. For fall pasture it should be sown between August 20th and September 10th, the earlier seeding being preferable. For grain only, September 1st to 15th is regarded as a more favorable time. Seldom should the crop be sown later than September 20th, for any purpose.

## THANKS AND APPRECIATION

From William H. Murry to Washtenaw County Voters.

To the Voters of Washtenaw County: The Democrats of Washtenaw county having honored me with the nomination for the office of Judge of Probate of Washtenaw county at the



WM. H. MURRY

Democratic Candidate for Probate Judge.

primaries, August 27th, by a larger majority than I could wish or expect, owing to the fact of having had two worthy opponents in the field against me, I therefore wish to express my thanks, not only to my friends and those who supported me, but also to every voter in Washtenaw county, for taking such great interest in the Primary Election generally.

I am certainly very grateful to every one, and earnestly solicit the support of every voter of Washtenaw county at the coming election, and should I receive the same loyal support on November 5th, as I did at the Primaries, I sincerely believe my election is assured.

Every vote for me will be thrice appreciated, as I am running against a candidate asking for a third term, in addition to several gentlemen who are also candidates for the same office.

The office of Judge of Probate is one of the most important and dignified positions in the county, and if by your assistance and support I am elected to that office, I will not only highly appreciate the honor conferred upon me, but will do everything in my power to insure and safeguard the interests of all who have business in the office, and assure everyone a square deal and a clean administration, and preserve the honor and dignity of the office to the best of my ability.

Thanking you again for your assistance and support, and soliciting the continuance of the same in the future, I am, very sincerely, yours,

WILLIAM H. MURRAY.

## To Mothers—And Others.

You can use Bucklen's Arnica Salve to cure children of eczema, rashes, tetter, chaffings, scaly and crusted humors, as well as their accidental injuries,—cuts, burns, bruises, etc., with perfect safety. Nothing else heals so quickly. For boils, ulcers, old, running or fever sores or piles it has no equal. Sold at L. P. Vogel's, H. F. Fenn Co.'s and L. T. Freeman Co.'s.

## WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND LOST WANTED ETC.

WANTED—Good, respectable girl for general housework. Apply at C. J. Perrine's, McKinley street, Chelsea, Mich. 5

FOR SALE—Duroc pigs, shoats and sows, also 20 ewes and 37 lambs. N. W. Laird. 6

WANTED—Middle aged woman of push to build up a good paying business at home. Address, with stamp, P. O. Box 449, Jackson, Mich. 6

ROOMS TO RENT. Inquire of Mrs. Stephen Clark, South Main street, near electric line. 8

WANTED—Girls for general housework. Apply Employment Department, Y. W. C. A., 341 South Main street, Ann Arbor. 8

FOR SALE—Strawberry plants, 50c per 100. G. T. English. 5

CIDER MADE every Tuesday and Friday during September, and every week day during October and November except Saturdays. Barrels and kegs for sale. Get our prices on cider. B. H. Glenn, Chelsea. 5tf

FOR RENT—Stall room for three horses, also room for buggies. Otto Schanz, Chelsea. 5

FOR SALE—Robert Foster farm, 70 acres, one mile north-west of Chelsea; Howard Everett farm, 275 acres six miles south-west of Chelsea; John McKune farm, 308 acres, six miles north of Chelsea; Charles Stapish farm, 92 acres, three miles north of Chelsea; new house, Lincoln street, just completed; two modern houses, Chandler street; double houses, Summit street; six room house, North Main street; good residence, North street, good residence, Buchanan street; modern house, VanBuren street. H. D. Witherell. 3tf

FOR RENT—Stall room for two horses. Inquire of H. R. Schoenhals, Jefferson street, Chelsea. 5

TOMATOES AND GREEN CORN for canning; cucumbers for pickling. Chelsea Greenhouses. 8

LIST YOUR farms and village property with B. Turnbull & Thos. McQuillan, Chelsea. 35tf

## Resolutions.

Whereas, P. W. Watts has been and was at the time of his death a faithful and earnest co-laborer in the North Lake Grange; never flinching duty; always ready to fill with his best ability any and all places of trust and confidence, and

Whereas, in consideration of our great loss by his death we all feel to sympathize with those nearer and more intimately connected with him,

Resolved, that the Grange as a body tender to the bereaved relatives and friends of the departed their hearty sympathy, and claim as our rightful privilege to mingle our tears with theirs.

Resolved, that a page of four minutes be draped in mourning; and that a copy of these resolutions be spread thereon, and copies sent to the local papers for publication.

R. S. WHALIAN,

P. E. NOAH,

WM. BURKHART.

Committee.

## Cure Your Backache and Rheumatism

WITH FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

Backache drags on your vitality. Saps your strength. Weakens your endurance. Hampers you in your work.

Besides that, it means something wrong with your kidneys; a weakness, an inflammation, a breaking down, may be, of the kidney tissues. Foley Kidney Pills is the true answer. They will help you QUICKLY, strengthen and heal your kidneys, regulate the action of your bladder, and drive out Backache and Rheumatism. They will make a strong, well man of you. No habit forming drugs. Try them.

For Sale By All Druggists

## LOW ROUND TRIP FARES

TO New York \$27.00 = Boston \$25.60

Liberal stop-over privileges and option of boat trip between Detroit and Buffalo, and on Hudson River between Albany and New York.

Tickets on sale daily to Sept. 30th  
Return limit 30 days

## New York Central Lines

Michigan Central—"The Niagara Falls Route"  
Proportionately low fares to all Eastern Summer Resorts, including Thousand Islands, Saratoga, Lake George, the Adirondacks, Canadian Resorts, White Mountains, Poland Springs, and the entire Atlantic Coast.

CIRCLE TOURS  
Sixty-day circuit tours may be arranged to New York and Boston, including lake and river routes, and more extended circuit tours, partly by ocean, including meals and berths on ocean steamers, at reduced summer fares. Ask for a copy of our "Guide to New York City." It contains valuable and interesting information about the Metropolis, free on request.  
For particulars consult Michigan Central Ticket Agents



## THE CHARM OF OUR SUMMER SEAS

Spend your vacation on the Great Lakes, the most economical and enjoyable vacation spot in America.  
WHERE YOU CAN GO  
No matter to what point you want to go, use D. & C. Line Steamers operating on all important ports.  
Daily service between Detroit and Buffalo, May 1st to November 1st. City of Detroit and City of Cleveland III, the largest side wheel steamers in the world, on this division June 10th to September 10th. Daily service between Detroit and Cleveland April 15th to December 1st. Detroit July and August two boats. Four trips weekly between Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo. Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo. Special Steamer Cleveland to Mackinac Island, two trips weekly, June 15th to September 10th stopping only at Detroit every trip. Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and Mackinac.  
Special Day Trips between Detroit and Cleveland. During July and August day, Thursday and Friday out of Cleveland.  
RAILROAD TICKETS AVAILABLE.—Tickets reading via any rail line transportation on D. & C. Line Steamers and Detroit and Cleveland will be honored for. Send 2 cent stamp for illustrated pamphlet, "The Great Lakes Map."  
Philip H. McMillan, Pres.  
A. A. Schantz, Gen'l Mgr.  
Detroit & Cleveland Navigation Company